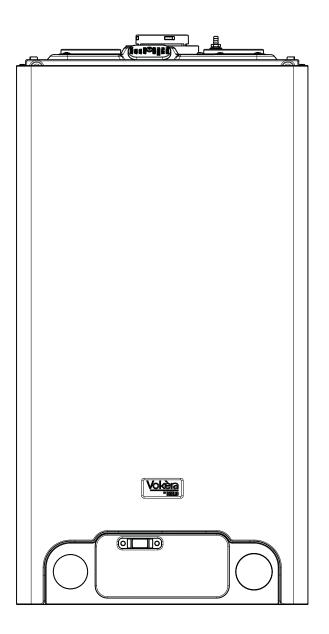


Mynute VHE High efficiency open vent boiler



Installation & Servicing Instructions

CE

G.C. N° 41 094 70

THESE INSTRUCTIONS TO BE RETAINED BY USER



Vokèra is a licensed member of the Benchmark scheme which aims to improve the standards of installation and commissioning of domestic hot water systems in the UK.

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INTRODUCTION

The **Mynute VHE** is a high-efficiency boiler for open vent system.

These appliances – by design – incorporate premix combustion and a radial aluminium heat exchanger.

The **Mynute VHE** range are produced as room sealed, category II2H3P appliances, suitable for internal wall mounting applications only. Each appliance is provided with a fan powered flue outlet with an annular co-axial combustion air intake that can be rotated – horizontally – through 360 degrees for various horizontal or vertical applications.

The **Mynute VHE** can also be used with the Vokera twin flue system.

These appliances are designed for use with an openvent system; consequently they are not intended for use on sealed or pressurised systems. Please contact the Vokera technical helpline for advice should you wish to use the **Mynute VHE** on a sealed/pressurised system. This booklet is an integral part of the appliance. It is therefore necessary to ensure that the booklet is handed to the person responsible for the property in which the appliance is located/installed. A replacement copy can be obtained from the Vokèra website - www. vokera.co.uk. The **Mynute VHE** is approved for use with C13 & C33 type flue appliacations

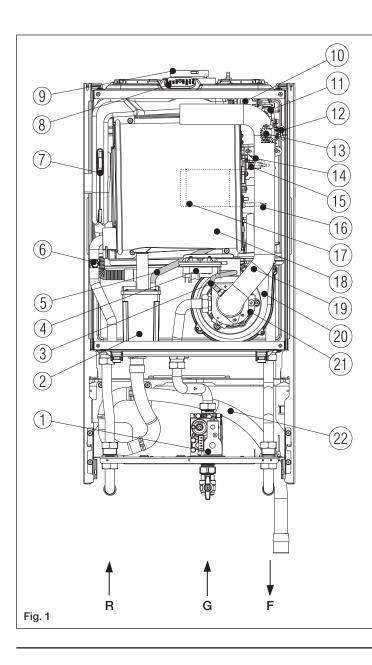
Mynute VHE boiler complies with basic requirements of the following Directives:

- Regulation (EU) 2016/426;
- Yield directive: Article 7(2) and Annex III of directive 92/42/EEC;
- Electromagnetic compatibility directive 2014/30/EU;
 Low-voltage directive 2014/35/EU;
- Directive 2009/125/EC Ecodesign for energy-using appliances;
- Regulation (EU) 2017/1369 Energy labeling;
- Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 811/2013;
- Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 813/2013.

At the end of its life, the product should be not

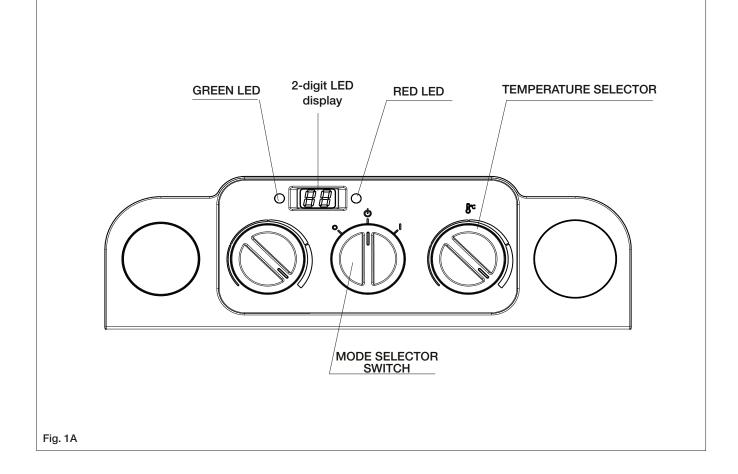
be disposed of as solid urban waste, but rather it
 should be handed over to a differentiated waste collection centre.

All installers are asked to follow the Benchmark Scheme by adhering to the Code of Practise, which can be obtained from www.centralheating.co.uk.



General layout (fig. 1)

- 1 Gas valve
- 2 Condense trap
- 3 Vacuum detection pipe
- 4 Air pressure switch
- 5 Top AAV pipe
- 6 Return sensor
- 7 Fume thermostat
- 8 Flue gas analysis test point
- 9 Flue outlet & air intake
- 10 Ignition transformer
- 11 Top AAV
 - 12 Flow sensor
- 13 High limit thermostat
- 14 Sensing Electrode
- 15 Spark Electrode
- 16 Condensate level sensor
- 17 Cylindric Burner
- 18 Main heat exchanger
- 19 Air intake pipe
- 20 Fan assembly
- 21 Mixer
- 22 Condensing drain
- R Heating return connection
- F Heating flow connection
- G Gas connection



\bigcirc	Boiler at reset/standby Select this position if/when the boiler requires to be reset	
ወ	Boiler switched OFF any	Select this position if you want the boiler to remain OFF (this will over-ride heating/hot water request from the time-clock/programmer)
I.	Boiler switched ON water	Select this position when you want the boiler to respond to a heating/hot request from the time-clock/programmer
€ °C	Temperature selector temperatu-	Move the temperature selector clockwise to increase the boiler outlet re, or counter-clockwise to reduce the outlet flow temperature
<u>[[88]]</u>	2-digit LED display condition, handbook for in	Displays the current outlet temperature of the boiler. During a fault the appropriate fault code will be displayed (refer to the users structions regarding fault codes)
\sim	Green LED lit	Boiler is working/responding to a heating/hot water request
U	Red LED lit	Boiler has identified a fault and has failed-safe. Refer to users handbook for instructions on how to reset

1.1 PRINCIPLE COMPONENTS

- A fully integrated electronic control board featuring electronic temperature control, anti-cycle control, pump over-run, self-diagnostic fault indicator, full air/gas modulation
- Radial aluminium heat exchanger
- Electronic ignition with flame supervision
- Fan
- Condensate level sensor

1.2 MODE OF OPERATION (at rest)

When the appliance is at rest and there are no requests for heating or hot water, the following functions are active:

- 2-stage frost-protection system the frost-protection system protects the appliance against the risk of frost damage. The first stage enables activation of the pump should the temperature of the appliance fall to 6°C. Should the first stage become active, the appliance will function on minimum +25% power until it reaches 35°C.
- Anti-block function the anti-block function enables the pump to be energised for short periods, when the appliance has been inactive for more than 24-hours.

1.3 MODE OF OPERATION

When there is a request for heat and/or hot water, via the programmer/time clock and/or any external control, the pump and fan are started, the fan speed will modulate until the correct signal voltage is received at the control PCB. At this point an ignition sequence is enabled.

Ignition is sensed by the electronic circuitry to ensure flame stability at the burner. Once successful ignition has been achieved, the electronic circuit increases the gas rate to 75% for a period of 15 minutes. Thereafter, the boiler's output will either be increase to maximum or modulate to suit the set requirement.

When the appliance reaches the desired temperature the burner will shut down and the boiler will perform a 5-minute anti-cycle (timer delay).

When the request for heat has been satisfied the pump and fan may continue to operate to dissipate any residual heat within the appliance.

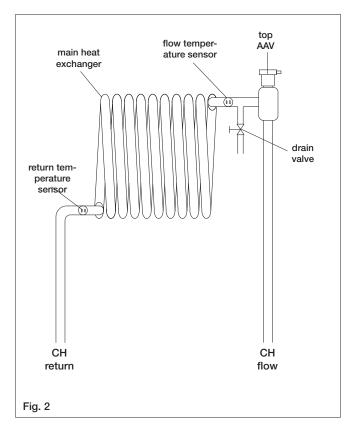
NOTE

- The pump must be connected directly to the designated terminals within the appliance controls panel.
- When power is restored to the PCB and/or the PCB is powered for the first time, the appliance will enter a 2-minute purge cycle whereby only the pump will run for 15-seconds then off for 15-seconds.

1.4 SAFETY DEVICES

When the appliance is in use, safe operation is ensured by:

- Fan speed sensor and pressure differential mechanism to ensure safe operation of the burner.
- A high limit thermostat that over-rides the temperature control circuit to prevent or interrupt the operation of the burner.
- Flame sensor that will shut down the burner when no flame signal is detected.
- A sensor that interrupts the operation of the appliance if the condense pipe becomes blocked.



SECTION 2 TECHNICAL DATA

2.1 Central Heating	Mynute 20 VHE
Heat input (kW)	20.00
Maximum heat output (kW) 60/80°C	19.52
Minimum heat output (kW) 60/80°C	4.83
Maximum heat output (kW) 30/50°C	20.80
Minimum heat output (kW) 30/50°C	5.35
Minimum working pressure	0.1 bar
Maximum working pressure	3.0 bar
Minimum flow rate	850 I/h*
2.2 Gas Pressures	000 111
Inlet pressure (G20)	20.0 mbar
Maximum gas rate (m ³ /hr)	2.12
Minimum gas rate (m ³ /hr)	0.53
Injector size	3.65 mm
2.3 Dimensions	3.05 11111
	740 mm
Height Width	740 mm
Depth	400 mm
•	342 mm
Dry weight 2.4 Clearances	29 kg
	10
Sides	12mm
Тор	150mm from casing or 25mm above flue elbow (whichever is applicable)
Bottom	150mm
Front	600mm
2.5 Connections	
Flow & return	22mm
Gas	15mm
Condense	21mm
2.6 Electrical	
Power consumption (Watts)	54
Supply (V/Hz)	230/50
Internal fuse	3.15A T (for PCB) - 3.15A F (for connections block)
External fuse	ЗА
2.7 Flue Details (concentric - 60/100)	
Maximum horizontal flue length (60/100mm)	7.8m
Maximum vertical flue length (60/100mm)	8.8m
2.7A Flue Details (concentric 80/125mm)	
Maximum horizontal flue length (80/125mm)	25m
2.7B Flue Details (twin pipes)	
Maximum horizontal flue length (80mm/80mm)	40m/40m
Maximum vertical flue length (80mm/80mm)	40m/40m
2.8 Efficiency	
SEDBUK (%)	90.17 - Band 'A'
2.9 Emissions	
CO ₂ @ maximum output (%)	9.0
CO ₂ @ minimum output (%)	9.0
	120
CO @ maximum output (p.p.m.)	120
CO @ maximum output (p.p.m.) CO @ minimum output (p.p.m.)	20
e	
CO @ minimum output (p.p.m.)	20

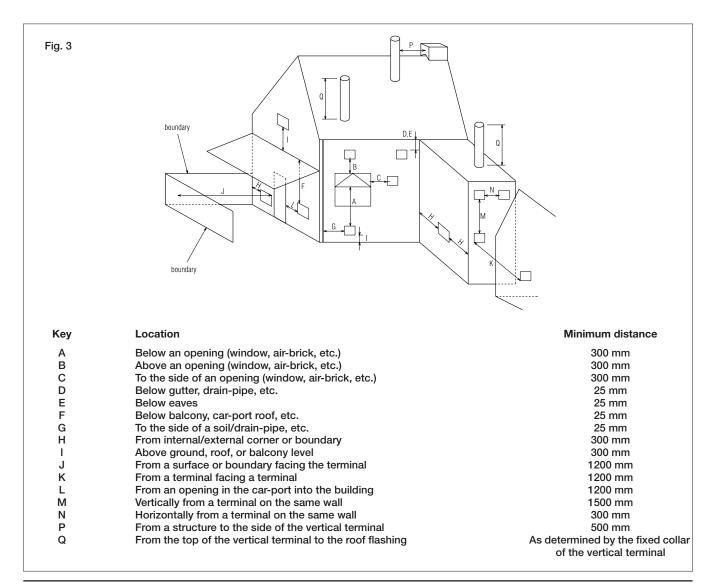
Ref. Condition 15 °C, 1013,25 mbar, dry gas NOTE: L.P.G. data refer to section 9

*The system should be so designed and balanced to ensure a minimum and maximum temperatute differential of 10 °C and 20 °C respectively, when the appliance is operating at maximum output.

Seasonal space heating energy efficiency class		A		Water heating energy efficiency class	-		
Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Rated heat output	Prated	20	kW	Seasonal space heating energy efficiency ns 92		%	
For boiler space heaters and boil useful heat output	er combina	ation hea	aters:	For boiler space heaters and boi useful efficiency	ler combinat	ion heat	ers:
At rated heat output and high- temperature regime (*)	P4	19,5	kW	At rated heat output and high- temperature regime (*) η4 87,9 9		%	
At 30% of rated heat output and low-temperature regime (**)	P1	6,5	kW	At 30% of rated heat output and low-temperature regime (**)η197,3%		%	
Auxiliary electricity consumption				Other parameters			
At full load	elmax	30	W	Stand-by heat loss	Pstby	34,0	W
At part load	elmin	14,0	W	Pilot flame energy consumption	Pign	-	W
In Stand-by mode	PSB	4,0	W	Annual energy consumption	QHE	38	GJ
				Sound power level, indoors	LWA	50	dB
				Emissions of nitrogen oxides	NOx	34	mg/kWh
For combination heaters:							
Declared load profile -		Water heating energy efficiency	ηwh	-	%		
Daily electricity consumption	Qelec	-	kWh	Daily fuel consumption	Qfuel	-	kWh
Annual electricity consumption	AEC	-	kWh	Annual fuel consumption	AFC	-	GJ

(*) High-temperature regime means 60 °C return temperature at heater inlet and 80 °C feed temperature at heater outlet.

(**) Low temperature means for condensing boilers 30 °C, for low-temperature boilers 37 °C and for other heaters 50 °C return temperature (at heater inlet).



BS 5440	PART 1	FLUES
BS 5440	PART 2	FLUES & VENTILATION
BS 5449	PART 1	FORCED CIRCULATION HOT WATER SYSTEMS
BS 6798		INSTALLATION OF BOILERS OF RATED INPUT NOT EXCEEDING 60kW
BS 6891		LOW PRESSURE INSTALLATION PIPES

This appliance must be installed by a competent person in accordance with the Gas Safety (Installation & Use) Regulations.

3.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

The installation of this boiler must be in accordance with the relevant requirements of the Gas Safety (Installation & Use) Regulations, the local building regulations, the current I.E.E. wiring regulations, the bylaws of the local water undertaking, the Building Standards (Scotland) Regulation, and Building Standards (Northern Ireland) Regulations.

It should be in accordance also with any relevant requirements of the local authority and the relevant recommendations of the following British Standard Codes of Practice.

ATTENTION

The use of PPE (Personal Protective Equipment) such as but not limited to gloves, mask, safety glasses, etc. is strongly recommended whenever carrying out the installation, repair, or maintenance of this appliance –

please pay particular attention to:

- Sharp edges that may be encountered when:- handling or lifting the appliance, removing parts, etc. during installation and maintenance.
- Airborne particles that may be released and/or disturbed when cleaning or removing components during maintenance.
- Water treatment chemicals that could have been added to the system water may spill from the appliance and or components during maintenance.

Please refer to an appropriate Health and Safety document such as HSE L23 (UK) or S.I. 299 (Ireland), for more detailed advice on safe working practices and procedures.

3.2 LOCATION OF APPLIANCE

The appliance may be installed in any room or internal space, although particular attention is drawn to the requirements of the current I.E.E. wiring regulations, and in Scotland, the electrical provisions of the Building Regulations, with respect to the installation of the appliance in a room or internal space containing a bath or shower.

When an appliance is installed in a room or internal space containing a bath or shower, the appliance or any control pertaining to it must not be within reach of a person using the bath or shower.

The location chosen for the appliance must permit the provision of a safe and satisfactory flue and termination. The location must also permit an adequate air supply for combustion purposes and an adequate space for servicing and air circulation around the appliance. Where the installation of the appliance will be in an unusual location special procedures may be necessary, BS 6798 gives detailed guidance on this aspect.

A compartment used to enclose the appliance must be designed and constructed specifically for this purpose.

An existing compartment/cupboard may be utilised provided that it is modified to suit.

Details of essential features of compartment/cupboard design including airing cupboard installations are given in BS 6798. This appliance is not suitable for external installation.

3.3 GAS SUPPLY

The gas meter – as supplied by the gas supplier – must be checked to ensure that it is of adequate size to deal with the maximum rated input of all the appliances that it serves. Installation pipes must be fitted in accordance with BS 6891.

Pipe work from the meter to the appliance must be of adequate size. Pipes of a smaller size than the appliance gas inlet connection must not be used. The installation must be tested for soundness in accordance with BS6891.

If the gas supply serves more than one appliance, it must be ensured that an adequate supply is maintained to each appliance when they are in use at the same time.

3.4 FLUE SYSTEM

The terminal should be located where the dispersal of combustion products is not impeded and with due regard for the damage and discoloration that may occur to building products located nearby. The terminal must not be located in a place where it is likely to cause a nuisance (see fig. 4).

In cold and/or humid weather, water vapour will condense on leaving the terminal; the effect of such pluming must be considered.

If installed less than 2m above a pavement or platform to which people have access (including balconies or flat roofs) the terminal must be protected by a guard of durable material. The guard must be fitted centrally over the terminal. Refer to BS 5440 Part 1, when the terminal is 0.5 metres (or less) below plastic guttering or 1 metre (or less) below painted eaves.

3.5 AIR SUPPLY

The following notes are intended for general guidance only.

This appliance is a room-sealed, fan-flued boiler, consequently it does not require a

Permanent air vent for combustion air supply.

When installed in a cupboard or compartment, ventilation for cooling purposes is also not required.

3.6 WATER CIRCULATION

Detailed recommendations are given in BS 5449 Part 1 and BS 6798. The following notes are for general guidance only.

3.6.1 PIPEWORK

It is recommended that copper tubing to BS 2871 Part 1 is used in conjunction with soldered capillary joints. Where possible pipes should have a gradient to ensure air is carried naturally to air release points and that water flows naturally to drain cocks. Except where providing useful heat, pipes should be insulated to avoid heat loss and in particular to avoid the possibility of freezing. Particular attention should be paid to pipes passing through ventilated areas such as under floors, loft space, and void areas.

3.6.2 AUTOMATIC BY-PASS

Vokera recommend that an automatic bypass is installed to ensure the required minimum flow-rate is achieved at all times. Additionally, the design of the system and its controls should ensure that an adequate temperature differential is met, and should be such that it prevents boiler 'cycling'.

3.6.3 DRAIN COCKS

These must be located in accessible positions to facilitate draining of the appliance and all water pipes connected to the appliance. The drain cocks must be manufactured in accordance with BS 2879.

3.6.4 AIR RELEASE POINTS

These must be positioned at the highest points in the system where air is likely to be trapped. They should be used to expel trapped air and allow complete filling of the system.

3.7 ELECTRICAL SUPPLY

The appliance is supplied for operation on 230V @ 50Hz electrical supply; it must be protected with a 3-amp fuse. The method of connection to the mains electricity supply must allow for complete isolation from the supply. The preferred method is by using a double-pole switch with a contact separation of at least 3,5mm (3° high-voltage category). The switch must only supply the appliance and its corresponding controls, i.e. time clock, room thermostat, etc. Alternatively an un-switched shuttered socket with a fused 3-pin plug both complying with BS 1363 is acceptable.

3.8 MOUNTING ON A COMBUSTIBLE SURFACE

If the appliance is to be fitted on a wall of combustible material, a sheet of fireproof material must protect the wall.

3.9 TIMBER FRAMED BUILDINGS

If the appliance is to be fitted in a timber framed building, it should be fitted in accordance with the Institute of Gas Engineers publication (IGE/UP/7) 'Guide for Gas Installations in Timber Frame Buildings'.

3.10 INHIBITORS

Vokera recommend that an inhibitor - suitable for use with aluminium heat exchangers - is used to protect the boiler and system from the effects of corrosion and/or electrolytic action. The inhibitor must be administered in strict accordance with the manufacturers instructions*.

*Water treatment of the complete heating system including the boiler - should be carried out in accordance with BS 7593 and the Domestic Water Treatment Association's (DWTA) code of practice.

3.11 APPLIANCE PIPEWORK CONFIGURATION (fig.4)

The appliance 'flow' and 'return' connections can be configured to suit the following:

- 1. Top outlet connection
- 2. Bottom outlet connection
- 3. Top (flow), bottom (return) connection
- 4. Top (return) bottom (flow) connection.

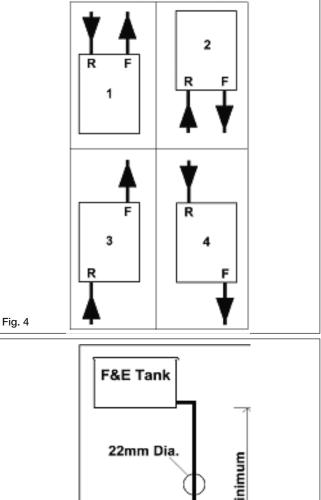
3.11.1 FEED & VENT PIPEWORK

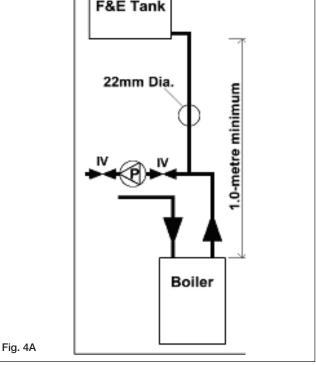
The feed and vent pipe work from the boiler to the F&E (Feed & Expansion) tank should be configured as shown in **fig. 4A** using a 22 mm combined feed and vent pipe.

NOTE

- The combined feed and vent pipe must rise continuously and be unrestricted.
- The diameter of the combined feed and vent pipe shall be 22mm.
- The minimum distance from the top of the boiler to the bottom of the F&E tank shall be no less than 1-metre, whilst the maximum distance shall be no greater than 30-metres.

The supply of water to the F&E tank should be taken from the mains water supply via a suitable float operated valve, whilst the supply from the F&E tank to the boiler/heating circuit (via the combined feed and vent pipe) shall be unrestricted.





3.11.2 ALTERNATIVE CLOSE-COUPLED ARRANGEMENT

If necessary or if preferred, a close-coupled arrangement for the feed and expansion pipe work can be used as an alternative to a combined feed and vent pipe. The configuration of the close-coupled pipe work shall be as shown in figure 4B.

NOTE

- The distance between the cold feed pipe and the safety vent pipe shall be no more than 150mm
- The cold feed pipe must be inverted as shown in figure 4B
- The safety vent pipe must be 22mm in diameter
- The cold feed pipe must be 15mm diameter
- The cold feed pipe and safety vent pipe must both rise continuously and be unrestricted.
- The minimum distance from the top of the boiler to the bottom of the F&E tank shall be no less than 1-metre, whilst the maximum distance shall be no greater than 30-metres.
- The distance between the bottom of the F&E tank and the highest point of the safety vent pipe must be no less than 500mm.

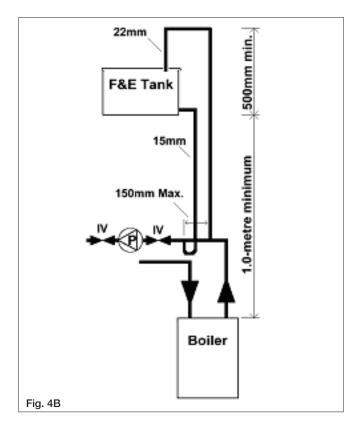
The supply of water to the F&E tank should be taken from the mains water supply via a suitable float operated valve, whilst the supply from the F&E tank to the boiler/heating circuit (via the cold feed pipe) shall be unrestricted.

3.11.3 REMOTE CONNECTION

It's permissible to connect the feed and vent pipe work remote from the boiler, providing it's connected to the primary heating pipe work as shown in figures 4C/4D.

NOTE

The instructions for a combined feed and vent installation (3.11.1) or close-coupled arrangement (3.11.2) still apply when connecting the feed and vent pipe work remote from the appliance.



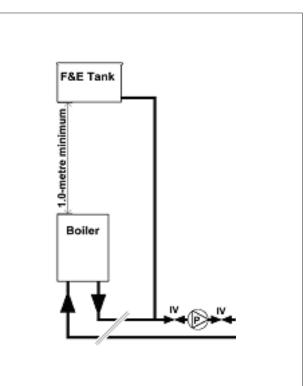
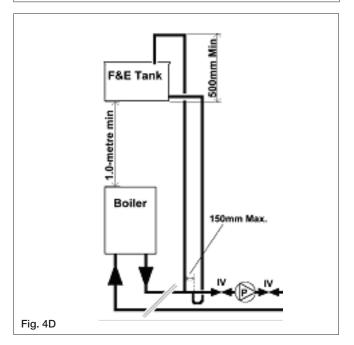


Fig. 4C



ATTENTION

The use of PPE (Personal Protective Equipment) such as but not limited to gloves, mask, safety glasses, etc. is strongly recommended whenever carrying out the installation, repair, or maintenance of this appliance –

please pay particular attention to:

- Sharp edges that may be encountered when:- handling or lifting the appliance, removing parts, etc. during installation and maintenance.
- Airborne particles that may be released and/or disturbed when cleaning or removing components during maintenance.
- Water treatment chemicals that could have been added to the system water may spill from the appliance and or components during maintenance.

Please refer to an appropriate Health and Safety document such as HSE L23 (UK) or S.I. 299 (Ireland), for more detailed advice on safe working practices and procedures.

3A.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

The installation of this boiler must be in accordance with the relevant requirements of the local building regulations, the current ETCI National Rules for Electrical Installations and the bylaws of the local water undertaking.

It should be in accordance also with any relevant requirements of the local and/or district authority.

3A.2 LOCATION OF APPLIANCE

The appliance may be installed in any room or internal space, although particular attention is drawn to the requirements of the current ETCI National Rules for Electrical Installations, and I.S. 813, Annex K.

When an appliance is installed in a room or internal space containing a bath or shower, the appliance or any control pertaining to it must not be within reach of a person using the bath or shower.

The location chosen for the appliance must permit the provision of a safe and satisfactory flue and termination. The location must also permit an adequate air supply for combustion purposes and an adequate space for servicing and air circulation around the appliance. Where the installation of the appliance will be in an unusual location special procedures may be necessary, refer to I.S. 813 for detailed guidance on this aspect. A compartment used to enclose the appliance must be designed and constructed specifically for this purpose. An existing compartment/cupboard may be utilised provided that it is modified to suit.

This appliance is not suitable for external installation.

3A.3 GAS SUPPLY

The gas meter – as supplied by the gas supplier – must be checked to ensure that it is of adequate size to deal with the maximum rated input of all the appliances that it serves. Installation pipes must be fitted in accordance with I.S. 813.

Pipe work from the meter to the appliance must be of adequate size. Pipes of a smaller size than the appliance gas inlet connection must not be used. The installation must be tested for soundness in accordance with I.S. 813.

If the gas supply serves more than one appliance, it

must be ensured that an adequate supply is maintained to each appliance when they are in use at the same time.

3A.4 FLUE SYSTEM

The terminal should be located where the dispersal of combustion products is not impeded and with due regard for the damage and discoloration that may occur to building products located nearby. The terminal must not be located in a place where it is likely to cause a nuisance (see I.S. 813).

In cold and/or humid weather, water vapour will condense on leaving the terminal; the effect of such pluming must be considered.

If installed less than 2m above a pavement or platform to which people have access (including balconies or flat roofs) the terminal must be protected by a guard of durable material. The guard must be fitted centrally over the terminal. Refer to I.S. 813, when the terminal is 0.5 metres (or less) below plastic guttering or 1 metre (or less) below painted eaves.

3A.5 AIR SUPPLY

The following notes are intended for general guidance only.

This appliance is a room-sealed, fan-flued boiler, consequently it does not require a permanent air vent for combustion air supply.

When installed in a cupboard or compartment, ventilation for cooling purposes is also not required.

3A.6 WATER CIRCULATION

Specific recommendations are given in I.S. 813. The following notes are for general guidance only.

3A.6.1 PIPEWORK

It is recommended that copper tubing be used in conjunction with soldered capillary joints.

Where possible pipes should have a gradient to ensure air is carried naturally to air release points and that water flows naturally to drain cocks.

Except where providing useful heat, pipes should be insulated to avoid heat loss and in particular to avoid the possibility of freezing. Particular attention should be paid to pipes passing through ventilated areas such as under floors, loft space, and void areas.

3A.6.2 AUTOMATIC BY-PASS

Vokera recommend that an automatic bypass is installed to ensure the required minimum flow-rate is achieved at all times. Additionally, the design of the system and its controls should ensure that an adequate temperature differential is met, and should be such that it prevents boiler 'cycling'.

3A.6.3 DRAIN COCKS

These must be located in accessible positions to facilitate draining of the appliance and all water pipes connected to the appliance.

3A.6.4 AIR RELEASE POINTS

These must be positioned at the highest points in the system where air is likely to be trapped. They should be used to expel trapped air and allow complete filling of the system.

3A.7 ELECTRICAL SUPPLY

The appliance is supplied for operation on 230V @ 50Hz electrical supply; it must be protected with a 3-amp fuse. The method of connection to the mains electricity supply must allow for complete isolation from the supply. The preferred method is by using a double-pole switch with a contact separation of at least 3mm. The switch must only supply the appliance and its corresponding controls, i.e. time clock, room thermostat, etc.

3A.8 MOUNTING ON A COMBUSTIBLE SURFACE

If the appliance is to be fitted on a wall of combustible material, a sheet of fireproof material must protect the wall.

3A.9 TIMBER FRAMED BUILDINGS

If the appliance is to be fitted in a timber framed building, it should be fitted in accordance with I.S. 813 and local Building Regulations.

The Institute of Gas Engineers publication (IGE/UP/7) 'Guide for Gas Installations in Timber Frame Buildings' gives specific advice on this type of installation.

3A.10 INHIBITORS

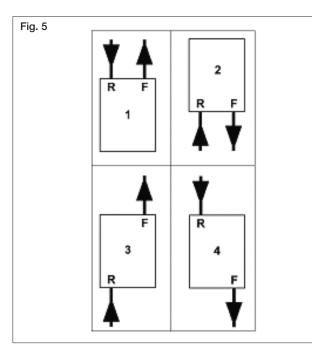
Vokera recommend that an inhibitor - suitable for use with aluminium heat exchangers - is used to protect the boiler and system from the effects of corrosion and/or electrolytic action. The inhibitor must be administered in strict accordance with the manufacturers instructions*.

*Water treatment of the complete heating system including the boiler - should be carried out in accordance with I.S. 813 and the Domestic Water Treatment Association's (DWTA) code of practice.

3A.11 APPLIANCE PIPEWORK CONFIGURATION (fig. 5)

The appliance 'flow' and 'return' connections can be configured to suit the following:

- 1. Top outlet connection
- 2. Bottom outlet connection
- 3. Top (flow), bottom (return) connection
- 4. Top (return) bottom (flow) connection.



3A.11.1 FEED AND VENT PIPEWORK

The feed and vent pipe work from the boiler to the F&E (Feed & Expansion) tank should be configured as shown in figure 4A using a 22mm combined feed and vent pipe.

NOTE

- The combined feed and vent pipe must rise continuously and be unrestricted.
- The diameter of the combined feed and vent pipe shall be 22mm.
- The minimum distance from the top of the boiler to the bottom of the F&E tank shall be no less than 1-metre, whilst the maximum distance shall be no greater than 30-metres.

The supply of water to the F&E tank should be taken from the mains water supply via a suitable float operated valve, whilst the supply from the F&E tank to the boiler/heating circuit (via the combined feed and vent pipe) shall be unrestricted.

3A.11.2 ALTERNATIVE CLOSE-COUPLED ARRANGEMENT

If necessary or if preferred, a close-coupled arrangement for the feed and expansion pipe work can be used as an alternative to a combined feed and vent pipe. The configuration of the close-coupled pipe work shall be as shown in figure 4B. **NOTE**

- The distance between the cold feed pipe and the safety vent pipe shall be no more than 150mm
- The cold feed pipe must be inverted as shown in fig. 4B
- The safety vent pipe must be 22mm in diameter
- The cold feed pipe must be 15mm diameter
- The cold feed pipe and safety vent pipe must both rise continuously and be unrestricted.
- The minimum distance from the top of the boiler to the bottom of the F&E tank shall be no less than 1-metre, whilst the maximum distance shall be no greater than 30-metres.
- The distance between the bottom of the F&E tank and the highest point of the safety vent pipe must be no less than 500mm.

The supply of water to the F&E tank should be taken from the mains water supply via a suitable float operated valve, whilst the supply from the F&E tank to the boiler/heating circuit (via the cold feed pipe) shall be unrestricted.

3A.11.3 REMOTE CONNECTION

It's permissible to connect the feed and vent pipe work remote from the appliance, providing it's connected to the primary heating pipe work as shown in figures 4C/4D.

NOTE

The instructions for a combined feed and vent installation (3A.11.1) or close-coupled arrangement (3A.11.2) still apply when connecting the feed and vent pipe work remote from the appliance.

3A.12 DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

A Declaration of Conformity (as defined in I.S. 813) must be provided on completion of the installation A copy of the declaration must be given to the responsible person and also to the gas supplier if required.

SECTION 4 INSTALLATION

NOTE

Please refer to Section 3, Para 3.1 and use the appropriate PPE when carrying out any of the actions or procedures contained within this section.

4.1 DELIVERY

Due to the weight of the appliance it may be necessary for two people to lift and attach the appliance to its mounting. The appliance is contained within a heavy-duty cardboard carton. Lay the carton on the floor with the writing the correct way up.

4.2 CONTENTS

Contained within the carton is:

- The boiler
- The wall bracket
- Template
- An accessories pack containing appliance service connections and washers
- The instruction pack containing the installation & servicing instructions, user instructions, guarantee registration card, and a 3-amp fuse.

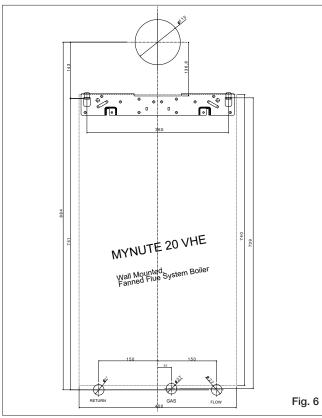
4.3 UNPACKING

At the top of the carton pull both sides open – do not use a knife – unfold the rest of the carton from around the appliance, carefully remove all protective packaging from the appliance, and lay the accessories etc. to one side. Protective gloves should be used to lift the appliance, the appliance back-frame should be used for lifting points.

4.4 PREPARATION FOR MOUNTING THE APPLIANCE

The appliance should be mounted on a smooth, vertical, non-combustible surface, which must be capable of supporting the full weight of the appliance. Care should be exercised when determining the position of the appliance with respect to hidden obstructions such as pipes, cables, etc.

When the position of the appliance has been decided – using the template supplied – carefully mark the position of the wall- mounting bracket (see fig. 6) and flue-hole (if applicable).



4.5 FITTING THE FLUE

The top flue outlet permits both horizontal and vertical flue applications to be considered, alternatively, the Vokera twin flue system can be utilised if longer flue runs are required.

4.5.1 CONCENTRIC HORIZONTAL FLUE

(For concentric vertical flue, see 4.5.2).

(For twin flue applications, see 4.5.3).

The appliance can be used with either the Vokera condensing 60/100mm concentric flue system or the optional 80/125mm concentric flue system.

These instructions relate **only** to the Vokera condensing 60/100mm concentric flue system. For specific details on the installation of the 80/125mm concentric flue system please refer to the instructions supplied.

The appliance flue outlet elbow can be rotated through 360° on its vertical axis. In addition the flue may be extended from the outlet elbow in the horizontal plane (see 2.7). A reduction must also be made to the maximum length (see table below) when additional bends are used.

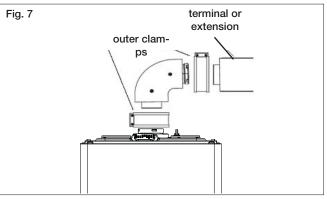
Reduction for additional bends

Bend	Reduction in maximum flue length for each bend
45° bend	1.0 metre
90° bend	1.0 metre

Horizontal flue terminals and accessories

Part No.	Description	Length
520	Horizontal flue kit	900mm
521	Telescopic flue kit	350/530mm
522	Plume management kit	1370mm
523	90-degree bend	N/A
524	45-degree bends (pair)	N/A
525	500mm extension	500mm
526	1000mm extension	1000mm
527	2000mm extension	2000mm
528	Telescopic extension 350/730mm	
529	Wall bracket pack (5) 208mm	

Using the template provided, mark and drill a 115mm hole for the passage of the flue pipe. The hole should be drilled to ensure any condense fluid that forms, is allowed to drain back to the appliance (see fig. 7A). The fixing holes for the wall-mounting bracket should now be drilled and plugged, an appropriate type and quantity of fixing should be used to ensure that the bracket is mounted securely. Once the bracket has been secured to the wall, mount the appliance onto the bracket.



FITTING THE HORIZONTAL FLUE KIT

Carefully measure the distance from the centre of the appliance flue outlet to the edge of the finished outside wall (dimension X). Add 65mm to dimension X to give you dimension Y (see fig 7A).

Measure dimension Y from the terminal end of the concentric flue pipe and cut off the excess ensuring any burrs are removed. Pass the concentric flue pipe through the previously drilled hole. Fit the flue bend to the boiler flue outlet and insert the concentric flue pipe into the flue bend ensuring the correct seal is made. Using the clamp, gasket and screws supplied, secure

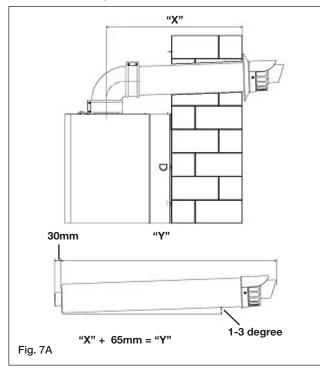
the flue bend to the appliance flue spigot.

NOTE

Fit the internal (white) trim to the flue assembly prior to connecting the flue pipe to the bend.

You must ensure that the entire flue system is properly supported and connected.

Seal the flue assembly to the wall using cement or a suitable alternative that will provide satisfactory weatherproofing. The exterior trim can now be fitted.



4.5.1.1 EXTENDING THE FLUE

Connect the bend – supplied with the terminal kit – to the top of the boiler using clamp (supplied) see fig. 7. The additional bends & extensions have push-fit connections, care should be taken to ensure that the correct seal is made when assembling the flue system. Connect the required number of flue extensions or bends (up to the maximum equivalent flue length) to the flue terminal (see fig. 7 & 8). The flue system should have a minimum of 1°; maximum of 3° rise from the boiler to outside, to ensure any condense fluid that forms, is allowed to drain back to the appliance.

NOTE

When cutting an extension to the required length, you must ensure that the excess is cut from the plain end of the extension (see fig. 7 & 8). Remove any burrs, and check that all seals are located properly.

You must ensure that the entire flue system is properly supported and connected.

Seal the flue assembly to the wall using cement or a suitable alternative that will provide satisfactory weatherproofing. The interior and exterior trim can now be fitted.

4.5.2 CONCENTRIC VERTICAL FLUE

The appliance can be used with either the Vokera condensing 60/100mm concentric flue system or the optional 80/125mm concentric flue system. **NOTE**

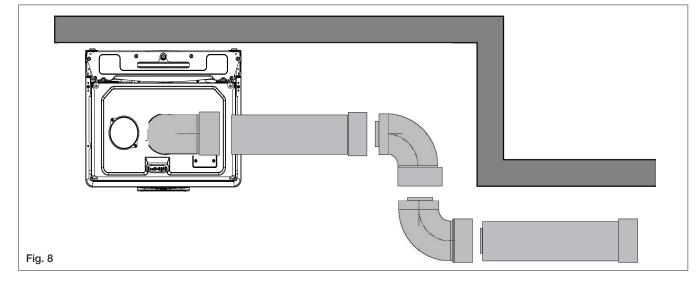
These instructions relate **only** to the Vokera condensing 60/100mm concentric flue system. For specific details on the installation of the 80/125mm concentric flue system please refer to the instructions supplied. The vertical flue terminal can be connected directly to the appliance flue outlet. Alternatively, an extension or bend can be connected to the appliance flue outlet if desired, however if additional bends are fitted, a reduction must be made to the maximum flue length (see table below).

Reduction for bends

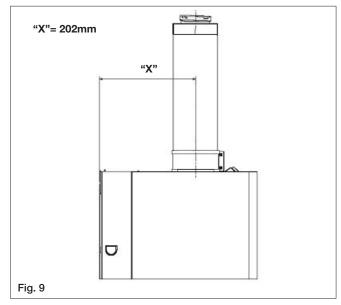
Bend	Reduction in maximum flue length for each bend
45° bend	1.0 metre
90° bend	1.0 metre

Vertical flue terminal and accessories

Part No.	Description	Min-Max length	
530	Vertical flue terminal	1000mm	
531	Pitched roof flashing plate	N/A	
532	Flat roof flashing plate	N/A	
523	90-degree bend	N/A	
524	45-degree bends (pair)	N/A	
525	500mm extension	500mm	
526	1000mm extension	1000mm	
527	2000mm extension	2000mm	
528	Telescopic extension	350/730mm	
529	Wall bracket pack (5)	208mm	



Using the dimensions given in fig. 9 as a reference, mark and cut a 115mm hole in the ceiling and/or roof.



Fit the appropriate flashing plate to the roof and insert the vertical flue terminal through the flashing plate from the outside, ensuring that the collar on the flue terminal fits over the flashing.

The fixing holes for the wall-mounting bracket should now be drilled and plugged, an appropriate type and quantity of fixing should be used to ensure that the bracket is mounted securely. Once the bracket has been secured to the wall, mount the appliance onto the bracket.

IMPORTANT

The vertical flue terminal is 1.0 metre in length and cannot be cut; therefore it may be necessary to adjust the height of the appliance to suit or use a suitable extension.

Connect the vertical flue assembly to the boiler flue spigot using the 100mm clip, gasket & screws (supplied), ensuring the correct seal is made. The flue support bracket (supplied with the vertical flue kit) can now be fitted.

If the vertical flue requires extension/s or additional bend/s, connect the required number of flue extensions or bends (up to the maximum equivalent flue length) between the boiler and vertical flue assembly (see fig. 8). Ensure that any horizontal sections of the flue system have a minimum 1°; maximum 3° fall back to the boiler $(1^\circ = 17 \text{mm per 1000 mm})$

NOTE

When cutting an extension to the required length, you must ensure that the excess is cut from the plain end of the extension (see fig. 8). Remove any burrs, and check that any seals are located properly.

You must ensure that the entire flue system is properly supported and connected.

4.5.3 TWIN FLUE SYSTEM

The Vokera twin flue system enables greater flue distances to be achieved (see 4.4.2) than that of a concentric flue system. It can be used for horizontal or vertical applications, however the twin flue system must be converted to the dedicated concentric flue kit for termination. It is essential that the installation of the twin flue system be carried out in strict accordance with these instructions.

GUIDANCE NOTES ON TWIN FLUE INSTALLATION

The flue must have a have a minimum 1°; maximum 3° (1° = 17mm per 1000mm) fall back to the appliance to allow any condensate that may form in the flue

system to drain via the condensate drain. Consideration must also be given to the fact that there is the possibility of a small amount of condensate dripping from the terminal.

- Ensure that the entire flue system is adequately supported, use at least one bracket for each extension.
- The entire flue system must be adequately insulated to maintain heat within the flue system thereby reducing the possibility of condensate production.
- As the exhaust outlet pipe can reach very high temperatures it must be protected to prevent persons touching the hot surface.
- The condensate drain pipe must be connected in accordance with building regulations.

Reduction for bends

Bend	Reduction in maximum flue length for each bend
45° bend	1.0 metre
90° bend	1.0 metre

Twin flue accessories

Part No.	Description	Length			
0225805	Horizontal flue terminal	1.0 metre			
0225810	Vertical flue terminal	1.0 metre			
430	Twin adapter kit	N/A			
531	Pitched roof flashing plate	N/A			
532	Flat roof flashing plate	N/A			
0225815	Condensate drain kit	N/A			
0225820	0.25m extension (pair)	250mm			
0225825	0.5m extension (pair)	500mm			
0225830	1.0m extension (pair)	1000mm			
0225835	2.0m extension (pair)	2000mm			
0225840	45º bend (pair)	N/A			
0225845	90° bend (pair)	N/A			
0225850	Twin bracket (5)	N/A			
0225855	Single bracket (5)	N/A			

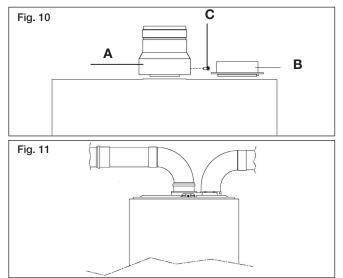
MOUNTING THE BOILER

The fixing holes for the wall-mounting bracket should now be drilled and plugged, an appropriate type and quantity of fixing should be used to ensure that the bracket is mounted securely. Once the bracket has been secured to the wall, mount the appliance onto the bracket.

4.5.3.1 INSTALLATION OF TWIN ADAPTOR KIT (fig. 10 & 11)

- Insert the exhaust connection manifold (A) onto the appliance flue outlet.
- Remove the blanking plate (located to the right of the appliance flue outlet) and using the same screws install the air inlet plate (B).
- Using the hole in the exhaust connection manifold as a guide, drill a 3mm hole in the appliance flue spigot and secure the exhaust manifold connection to the flue spigot using the screw provided (C).
- Using the two holes in the air inlet plate as a guide, drill a 3mm hole in each and secure the air inlet pipe/ bend using the screws provided.

The twin flue pipes extensions and accessories can now be installed by pushing together (the plain end of each extension or bend should be pushed approximately 50mm into the female socket of the previous piece).



4.5.3.2 HORIZONTAL TERMINATION (fig. 12)

The twin flue system must be converted to the dedicated concentric flue kit for termination.

- The horizontal terminal is supplied with a built-in converter box and cannot be shortened.
- A 130mm hole is required for the passage of the concentric terminal through the wall.
- The air inlet pipe must alwaays be level with or below, that of the exhaust pipe.

Depending on site conditions it may be preferable to install the terminal assembly prior to fitting the twin flue pipes.

Mark and drill a level 130mm hole for the passage of the horizontal flue terminal. Insert the terminal assembly into the flue hole.

Push-fit the twin flue pipes onto the concentric to twin converter box ensuring that the exhaust pipe connects to the exhaust connection on the concentric to twin converter.

If necessary cut the plain ends (male) of the twin flue pipes to allow connection to the concentric to twin converter.

NOTE

before cutting twin flue pipes ensure allowances have been made for connection onto the previous piece and onto the concentric to twin converter. The last twin Flue pipes must be pushed 50mm onto the male spigots of the concentric to twin converter.

NOTE

Seal the flue terminal assembly to the wall using cement or a suitable alternative that will provide satisfactory weatherproofing. The interior and exterior trim can now be fitted.

4.5.3.3 VERTICAL TERMINATION (fig. 13)

The twin flue system must be converted to the dedicated concentric flue kit for termination.

- The vertical terminal is supplied with a built-in converter box and cannot be shortened.
- A 130mm hole is required for the passage of the concentric terminal through the ceiling and/or roof.

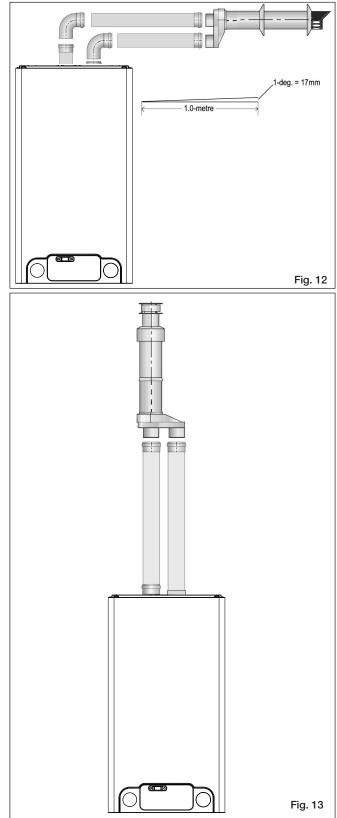
Depending on site conditions it may be preferable to install the terminal assembly prior to fitting the twin flue pipes.

Fit the appropriate flashing plate to the roof and insert the vertical flue terminal through the flashing plate from the outside, ensuring that the collar on the flue terminal fits over the flashing.

Push-fit the twin flue pipes onto the concentric to twin converter ensuring that the exhaust pipe connects to the exhaust connection on the concentric to twin converter. If necessary cut the plain ends (male) of the twin flue pipes to allow connection to the concentric to twin converter.

NOTE

- Before cutting twin flue pipes ensure allowances have been made for connection onto the previous piece and onto the concentric to twin converter. The last twin flue pipes must be pushed 50mm onto the male spigots of the concentric to twin converter.
- You must ensure that the entire flue system is properly supported and connected.
- Ensure that any horizontal sections of pipe have a 1° fall towards the appliance (17mm per 1000mm).



4.6 CONNECTING THE GAS AND WATER

The appliance is supplied with a 15mm service valve for the gas connection and 22mm copperto brass adapters for the flow and return connections. The service valve is of the compression type. The accessories pack also contains sealing washers etc, for use with the service valve and copper connections.

When connecting pipe work to the valves, tighten the compression end first then insert the sealing washers before tightening the valve to the appliance.

NOTE

It will be necessary to hold the valve with one spanner whilst tightening with another.

4.6.1 GAS (fig. 6)

The appliance is supplied with a 15mm service valve, connect a 15mm pipe to the inlet of the valve and tighten both nuts.

NOTE

It will be necessary to calculate the diameter of the gas supply pipe to ensure the appliance has an adequate supply of gas.

4.6.2 FLOW & RETURN (fig. 6)

The appliance is supplied with 22mm copper to brass adapters for the flow and return service connections.

NOTE

The flow and return pipe work can be routed vertically through the rear of the appliance via the 2-holes located in the appliance back frame.

Depending on system requirements, it may necessary to increase the size of the flow & return pipe work after the service connections.

4.6.3 CONDENSE PIPE

During normal operation the boiler produces condense which is collected in a trap located in the lower part of the boiler. A flexible pipe (condense outlet pipe) is connected to the outlet of the trap. The flexible pipe must be connected to a plastic waste pipe only. The plastic waste pipe must have a minimum of a 3° fall towards the drain. Any external run of pipe should be insulated to prevent the risk of freezing.

CONNECTING THE CONDENSATE OUTLET

Gently pull the condense outlet pipe down from its location inside the boiler until approximately 100mm protrudes from the underside of the boiler. Connect a suitable plastic (not copper) pipe (no less than 20mm diameter) to the outlet pipe and ensure it discharges in accordance with building regulations or other rules in force.

4.7 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

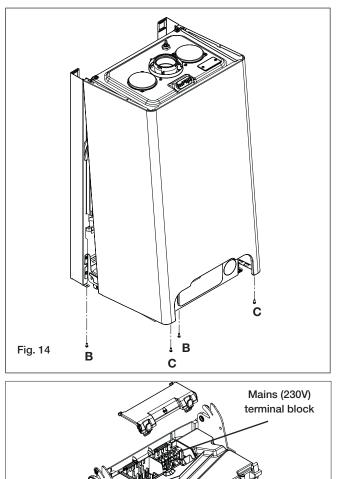
The electrical supply must be as specified in section 3/3A. A qualified electrician should connect the electrical supply to the appliance. If controls – external to the appliance – are required, a competent person must undertake the design of any external electrical circuits, please refer to section 8 for detailed instructions. ANY EXTERNAL CONTROL OR WIRING MUST BE SERVED FROM THE SAME ISOLATOR AS THAT OF THE APPLIANCE. The supply cable from the isolator to the appliance must be 3-core flexible sized 0.75mm to BS 6500 or equivalent. Wiring to the appliance must be rated for operation in contact with surfaces up to 90°C.

4.7.1 CASING REMOVAL (fig. 14)

To gain internal access to the appliance you must first remove the casing, proceed as outlined below:

• Locate and remove the 2-screws on the front underside of the casing (C)

- Remove the 2 screws (B) located at the Left & Right of the underside of the casing.
- Lift the casing upward to disengage it from the top locating hooks and then remove.
- Store the casing and screws safely until required. Re-fit in the reverse order.





4.7.2 APPLIANCE TERMINAL BLOCK

The appliance terminal block is located on the rear of the control fascia. Remove the casing as described in 4.7.1. Gently pull the control panel forwards and down. Locate the terminal block cover (see fig. 15). **NOTE**

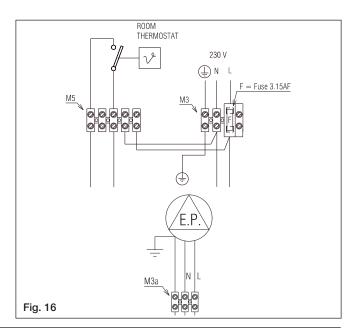
The appliance comes with a factory fitted link ('TA') to allow basic operation of the boiler once the circulating pump has been connected. If it is anticipated that external controls will be required please refer to the wiring diagrams in section 8 for more detailed information.

4.7.3 CONNECTING THE MAINS (230V) INPUT (fig. 16) Locate and remove the screws securing the terminal block cover (230V). Pass the supply cable through the cable anchorage point.

Connect the supply cable wires (LIVE, NEUTRAL, & EARTH) to their corresponding terminals (L, N, & E) on the appliance terminal block. When connecting the EARTH wire, ensure that it's left slightly longer that the others, this will prevent strain on the EARTH wire should the cable become taut.

4.7.4 CONNECTING THE PUMP (230V) OUTPUT (fig. 16) Pass the pump cable through the cable anchorage point. Connect the pump cable wires (LIVE, NEUTRAL, & EARTH) to their corresponding terminals (L, N, & E) on the appliance terminal block. When connecting the EARTH wire, ensure that it's left slightly longer that the others, this will prevent strain on the EARTH wire should the cable become taut.

Do not remove the link wire unless additional external controls are to be fitted (see section 8). The securing screw on the cable anchorage should now be tightened. This must be done before the control fascia is re-fitted in the upright position. The appliance casing, screws, and lower cover can now be re-fitted.



SECTION 5 COMMISSIONING

NOTE

Please refer to Section 3, Para 3.1 and use the appropriate PPE when carrying out any of the actions or procedures contained within this section.

5.1 GAS SUPPLY INSTALLATION

Inspect the entire installation including the gas meter, test for soundness and purge. Refer to BS 6891 (I.S. 813 in ROI) for specific instruction.

5.2 THE HEATING SYSTEM

The appliance contains components that may become damaged or rendered inoperable by oils and/or debris that are residual from the installation of the system, consequently it is essential that the system be flushed in accordance with BS 7593 Code of Practice and the following instructions.

5.3 FILLING THE CONDENSE TRAP

The first time you turn the boiler on and in case of maintenance work, before using the appliance you must fill the siphon with water and make sure that the condensation is evacuated correctly. Fill the condensation collection siphon pouring 1 litre of water into the boiler combustion-analysis outlet with the boiler off, and check that:

- the safety cut-off device is floating

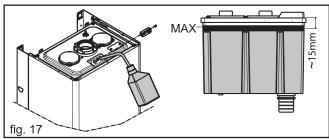
- water is flowing correctly from the discharge pipe out of the boiler

- the condensate outlet connection line is watertight. If the condensate outlet circuit (siphon and pipes)

is working correctly, the condensation level will not exceed the maximum.

Filling the siphon before using the appliance, and the use of a safety cut-off device inside the siphon, prevent exhaust gases from being released into the environment.

Repeat during standard and non-standard maintenance work.



5.3A INITIAL FILLING OF THE SYSTEM

Remove appliance casing as described in 4.7.1, identify the automatic air release valves (AAV) and loosen the dust cap/s by turning the cap anti-clockwise one full turn.

Ensure all manual air release valves located on the heating system are closed. Proceed to fill the system via the feed and expansion tank and begin venting all manual air release valves, starting at the lowest first. Once the system has been filled. Inspect the system for water soundness, rectifying any leaks.

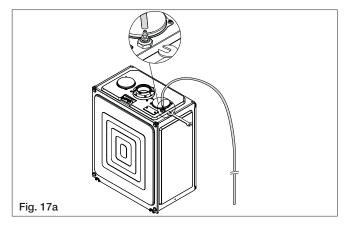
5.3.1 MANUAL AIR RELEASE (fig. 17)

When the boiler has been filled for the first time or the system has been drained and refilled, it will be necessary to release any air that may have become trapped within the appliance heat exchanger. Slacken the bleed screw until water is released and then close.

IMPORTANT, THERE ARE NO OTHER MANUAL AIR RELEASE VALVES LOCATED ON THE APPLIANCE.

5.4 INITIAL FLUSHING OF THE SYSTEM

The whole of the heating system must be flushed both cold and hot as detailed in 5.8. Open all radiator and/ or heating zone valves. Drain the boiler and system from the lowest points. Open the drain valve full bore to remove any installation debris from the boiler prior to lighting. Refill the boiler and heating system as described in 5.3.



5.5 PRE-OPERATION CHECKS

Before attempting the initial lighting of the appliance, the following checks must be carried out:

- Ensure all gas service valves from the meter to the appliance are open and the supply pipe has been properly purged;
- Ensure the proper electrical checks have been carried out, (see 7.8) particularly continuity, polarity, and resistance to earth;
- Ensure the 3 AMP fuse supplied with the appliance has been fitted.
- Ensure the system has been properly filled and vented.
- Ensure the flue system has been fitted properly and in accordance with the instructions.

5.6 INITIAL LIGHTING

Ensure the electrical supply to the appliance is switched on. Ensure any external controls are switched to an 'ON' position and are calling for heat.

Move the selector switch to the ON position, the appliance will now operate as described in 1.2. Should the appliance fail to ignite, refer to 5.6 and/or section 7 (mode of operation & fault finding).

NÔTE

When power is restored to the PCB and/or the PCB is powered for the first time, the appliance will enter a 2-minute purge cycle whereby only the pump will run for 15-seconds then off for 15-seconds and will not "fire" until this period has elapsed.

5.7 CHECKING GAS PRESSURE AND COMBUSTION ANALYSIS

The appliance is factory set so should require no additional adjustment once installed. However to satisfy the requirements of GSIUR 26/9 (I.S. 813 ROI), it will be necessary to gas rate the appliance using the gas meter that serves the appliance and carry out a combustion analysis check in accordance with BS 7967 (UK) to ensure that correct combustion is occurring, see flow chart on the dedicated section.

Additionally, if the gas valve has been adjusted, replaced, or the appliance has been converted for use with another gas type, then it becomes necessary to carry out a combustion analysis check to ensure that correct combustion is occurring.

If there are no means to carry out a combustion analysis check, then it will not be possible to complete the commissioning procedure.

Details on how to carry out the combustion analysis can be found in section 7.

IMPORTANT

It's imperative that a sufficient dynamic – gas – pressure is maintained at all times. Should the dynamic gas pressure fall below an acceptable level, the appliance may malfunction or sustain damage.

5.8 FINAL FLUSHING OF THE HEATING SYSTEM

The system shall be flushed in accordance with BS 7593 Code of Practice (I.S. 813 ROI). Cleansers or chemicals used, must be suitable for Aluminium heat exchangers and shall be from a reputable manufacturer and shall be administered in strict accordance with the manufacturers' instructions.

NOTE

Chemicals used to cleanse the system and/or inhibit corrosion must be pH neutral, i.e. they should ensure that the level of the pH in the system water remains neutral.

Premature failure of certain components can occur if the level of pH in the system water is out-with normal levels.

5.8.1 INHIBITORS

See Section 3 "General Requirements".

5.9 SETTING THE BOILER OPERATING TEMPERA-TURE

The flow outlet temperature can be adjusted between 20 $^\circ\text{C}$ - 78 $^\circ\text{C}$ via the Heating thermostat knob (see fig.1).

5.10 REGULATING THE CENTRAL HEATING SYSTEM Fully open all radiator and circuit valves and run the appliance for both heating and hot water until heated water is circulating. If conditions are warm remove any thermostatic heads. Adjust radiator return valves and any branch circuit return valves until the individual return temperatures are correct and are approximately equal.

5.11 FINAL CHECKS

- ENSURE ALL TEST NIPPLES ON THE APPLIANCE GAS VALVE ARE TIGHT AND CHECKED FOR TIGHT-NESS.
- ENSURE THE APPLIANCE FLUE SYSTEM IS FITTED CORRECTLY AND IS PROPERLY SECURED.
- ENSURE ALL PIPE WORK IS RE-CHECKED FOR TIGHTNESS.
- RE-FIT APPLIANCE CASING.
- COMPLETE BENCHMARK CHECKLIST.

FOR UK ONLY

Complete details of the boiler, controls, installation and commissioning in the Benchmark checklist at the back of this book. It is important that the Benchmark checklist is correctly completed and handed to the user. Failure to install and commission the appliance to the manufacturers instructions will invalidate the warranty.

5.12 INSTRUCTING THE USER

Hand over all documentation supplied with this appliance – including these instructions – and explain the importance of keeping them in a safe place.

Explain to the user how to isolate the appliance from the gas, water and electricity supplies, and the locations of all drain points. Show the user how to operate the appliance and any associated controls correctly. Show the user the location of any isolating valves and the location of all manual air release points.

Explain to the user how to turn off the appliance for both long and short periods and advise on the necessary precautions to prevent frost damage.

Explain to the user that for continued safe and efficient operation, the appliance must be serviced annually by a competent person.

IMPORTANT

To validate the appliance warranty, it's necessary to register the appliance details with us. The warranty can be registered in several ways:

- By completing the warranty registration card and posting to us using the pre-paid envelope supplied
 Online at values on uk
- Online at: vokera.co.uk
- For UK residents by calling: 0870 607 0281
- For ROI residents by calling: 1850 221121.

SECTION 6 SERVICING INSTRUCTIONS

NOTE

Please refer to Section 3, Para 3.1 and use the appropriate PPE when carrying out any of the actions or procedures contained within this section.

6.1 GENERAL

Once the appliance has been serviced, the benchmark Service Record must be completed.

For UK only: It is important that the Benchmark Service Record is correctly completed and handed to the user. Failure to install and commission the appliance to the manufacturers instructions will invalidate the warranty.

To ensure the continued safe and efficient efficient operation of the appliance, it is recommended that it is checked and serviced at regular intervals. To ensure correct and safe operation of the appliance, it is essential that any worn or failed component be replaced only with a genuine Vokera spare part. It should be remembered that although certain generic components may look similar, they will be specific to an individual appliance or product range. Use of non-genuine Vokera spare parts could invalidate your warranty and may pose a potential safety hazard. The frequency of servicing will depend upon the particular installation conditions, but in general, once per year should be sufficient. It is the law that any servicing work is carried out by competent person such as a Vokera engineer, an approved service agent, British Gas, CORGI registered personnel or other suitably qualified personnel. The following instructions apply to the appliance and its controls, but it should be remembered that the central heating and the domestic hot water systems would also require attention from time to time.

6.2 ROUTINE ANNUAL SERVICING

- Check the operation of the appliance and ensure it functions as described in section 7.
- Compare the performance of the appliance with its design specification. The cause of any noticeable deterioration should be identified and rectified without delay.
- Thoroughly inspect the appliance for signs of damage or deterioration especially the flue system and the electrical apparatus.
- Check and adjust if necessary all burner pressure settings (see 7.4).
- Carry out an analysis of the flue gases (see 7.5) and visually check the condition of the entire flue assembly.
- Compare the results with the appliance design specification. Any deterioration in performance must be identified and rectified without delay.
- Check that the burner and main heat exchanger are clean and free from any debris or obstruction.
- Check and clean if necessary the condense trap to ensure correct operation.

6.3 REPLACEMENT OF COMPONENTS

Although it is anticipated that this appliance will give years of reliable, trouble free service, the life span of components will be determined by factors such as operating conditions and usage. Should the appliance develop a fault, the fault finding section will assist in determining which component is malfunctioning.

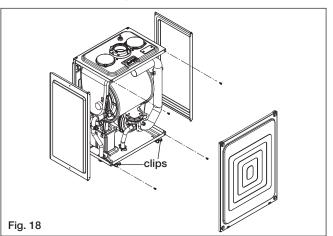
6.4 COMPONENT REMOVAL PROCEDURE

To remove a component, access to the interior of the appliance is essential and it's therefore necessary to remove the appliance casing (4.7). Isolate the appliance from the electrical supply and remove the fuse. And, when necessary, drain the appliance and heating system. Ensure some water absorbent cloths are available to catch any residual water that may drip from the appliance or removed component. Undertake a complete commissioning check as detailed in section 5, after replacing any component.

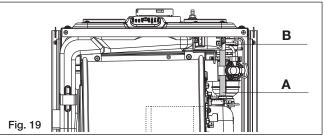
ALWAYS TEST FOR GAS SOUNDNESS IF ANY GAS CARRYING COMPONENTS HAVE BEEN REMOVED OR DISTURBED.

6.4.1 AIR BOX FRONT COVER REMOVAL (fig. 18)

Locate the two clips and remove air box front cover. If it's necessary to remove the air box side cover, locate and remove the 4 securing screws.



6.5 AUTOMATIC AIR RELEASE VALVE (fig. 19) Carry out component removal procedure as described in 6.4. Remove the drain pipe (A). Unscrew the top AAV (B). Replace in the reverse order. Loctite or similar should be used as a thread sealant for the AAV.



6.6 PRIMARY THERMISTOR (fig. 1)

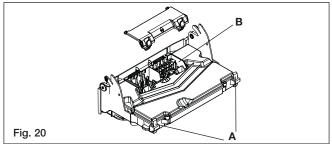
Carry out component removal procedure as described in 6.4. Unclip and remove the air chamber front cover. Unclip the primary thermistor from the flow outlet pipe. Disconnect thermistor electrical plug. Replace in the reverse order.

6.7 RETURN THERMISTOR (fig. 1)

Carry out component removal procedure as described in 6.4. Unclip and remove the air chamber front cover. Unclip the return thermistor from the return inlet pipe. Disconnect thermistor electrical plug. Replace in the reverse order.

6.8 PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD (fig. 20)

Carry out component removal procedure as described in 6.4. Pull the control fascia forward and lower it. Locate and remove the screws (A) which secure the PCB cover, push the clips (B) and remove cover, after carefully taking note of all wiring connections and jumper tag configuration, disconnect all wiring from the PCB, locate and remove the PCB securing screws, remove the required PCB. Replace in the reverse order ensuring that the position of the 3 control knobs are correctly aligned with the respective potentiometers on the PCB.



Ensure that the correct jumper tag configuration has been respected. It will be necessary to check the functioning of the PCB is set for the correct boiler type/application.

6.9 GAS VALVE (fig. 21)

Carry out component removal procedure as described in 6.4. The gas valve must be changed as complete unit. Disconnect the electrical plug and leads from the gas valve, slacken and unscrew gas valve inlet and outlet connections. **Please note**, the sealing washers (**B**) must be discarded and replaced with new sealing washers. Disconnect the compensation pipe (**C**). Locate and remove gas valve retaining screws (**D**) on the underside of the boiler if required, the gas valve can now be removed. Replace in the reverse order. Check and adjust burner pressure settings.

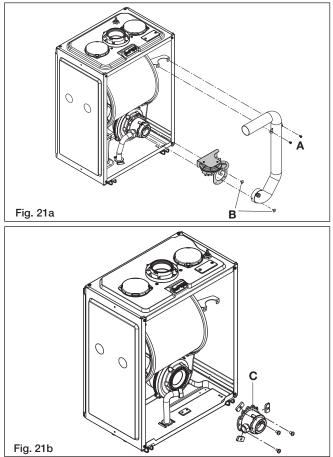
WARNING, A GAS SOUNDNESS CHECK MUST BE CARRIED OUT.

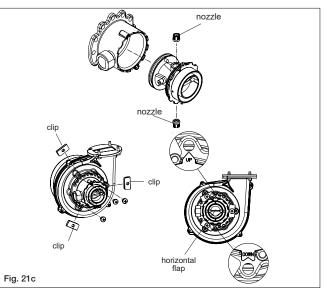
6.10 INJECTOR (fig. 21a-b-c)

Carry out component removal procedure as described in 6.4.

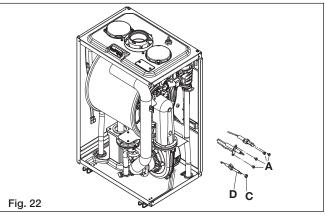
- Unscrew the 2 fixing screws A and remove the silencer
 Disconnect the air pressure switch wires
- Unscrew the 2 screws (B)and remove the bracket and pressure switch assembly
- Remove the mixer
- Unscrew the screws fixing the plastic Venturi to the aluminium shell
- Loosen the plastic Venturi (C) by levering from under the teeth (be careful not to force them) and press from the opposite side until it is completely extracted from the aluminium shell
- Using a CH6 wrench remove and don't use again the 2 nozzles (see details in figure)
- Clean plastic traces
- Press in the 2 new nozzles from the kit as far as the threaded part, then screw in tightly
- Reassemble the mixer with the flap in an horizontal position
- Replace in the reverse order
- Check the number of the speed.

WARNING, A GAS SOUNDNESS CHECK MUST BE CARRIED OUT.



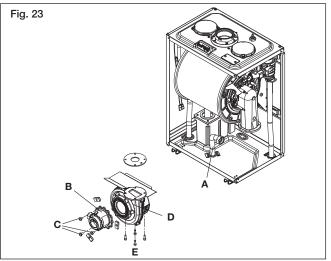


6.11 ELECTRODES & CONDENSE SENSOR (fig. 22) Carry out component removal procedure as described in 6.4. Unclip and remove the air chamber front and RH side covers. Disconnect the electrode leads and ancillary wiring from their respective connectors. Remove the retaining screws (A) for electrode and remove. Remove the retaining nut (C) for condense sensor (D) and remove.



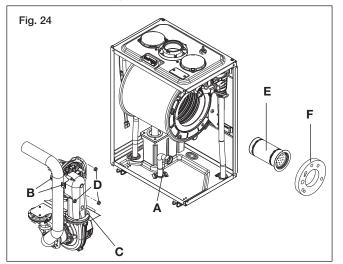
6.12 FLUE FAN & MIXER (fig. 23)

Carry out component removal procedure as described in 6.4. Unclip and remove the air chamber front and the RH side covers. Slacken the gas pipe (A) at the air box connection and swing/rotate away from the fan assembly. Locate and remove the sense electrode. To remove the mixer (B) locate and remove the three screws (C). To remove the fan (D), disconnect the electrical connections attached to the fan, locate and remove the four screws (E). Gently ease the fan from its location. Replace in the reverse order. Ensure all seals are in good condition, taking care to ensure they are replaced correctly.



6.13 BURNER (fig. 24)

Carry out component removal procedure as described in 6.4. Unclip and remove the air chamber front and the RH side covers. Slacken the nut (A) of the gas pipe. Unscrew the 2 fixing screws (B). Slacken the M4 screw (C) and rotate anticlockwise the sheet metal protection fan. Remove the fan assembly. Locate and remove the 3 internal nuts (D) which secure the fan assembly in position to the heat exchanger. Gently ease the fan assembly out of its location. Once the assembly has been removed, the burner (E) can be withdrawn from the heat engine. Ensure the seal (F) is in good condition, taking care to ensure it is replaced correctly. Replace in the reverse order.



6.14 MAIN HEAT EXCHANGER (fig. 25 & 26)

Carry out component removal procedure as described in 6.4. Unclip and remove the three air chamber covers (front, LH, RH sides). Disconnect all the wiring connections. **Fig. 25:** Slacken the nut (A) of the gas pipe at the air box connection and swing/rotate of the fan assembly. Rotate the flow assembly (B), disconnect the return (C) and condense connections on the heat exchanger. Locate and remove the 4-screws (D) that secure the heat exchanger to the combustion chamber. Move the heat exchanger to the right and disconnect it from the flue collector (E). The heat exchanger can now be lifted up and withdrawn from the appliance.

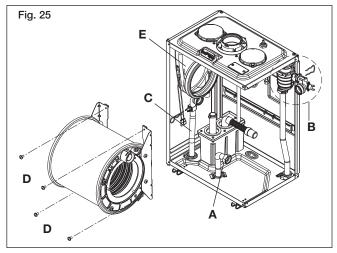
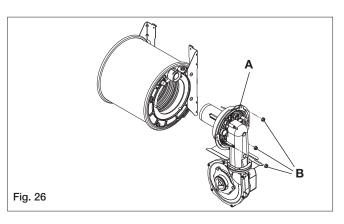
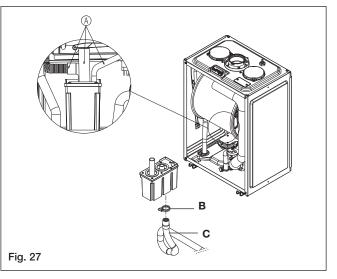


Fig. 26: To remove the fan/burner assembly (A) locate and remove the 3 external nuts (B). Replace in the reverse order. Ensure all seals are in good condition, taking care to ensure they are replaced correctly.



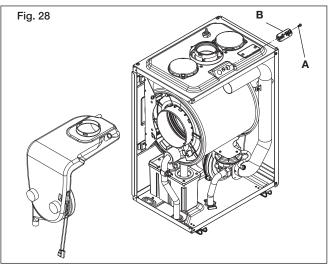
6.15 CONDENSE TRAP REMOVAL (fig. 27)

Carry out component removal procedure as described in 6.4. Disconnect the 3 upper rubbers condense pipe (A). Remove the pin (B) that secures the trap to the air box plate. Disconnect the lower condense pipe (C) from the condense trap. Carefully remove the condense trap. Replace in the reverse order.



6.16 FLUE COLLECTOR REMOVAL (fig. 28)

Carry out component removal procedure as described in 6.4. Unclip and remove the air chamber front and left side covers. Locate and remove the screw (A) that secures the flue gas analysis test point cover (B). Gently pull down and to the left and ease the flue collector from its location. Replace in the reverse order.



SECTION 7 CHECKS, ADJUSTMENTS AND FAULT FINDING

NOTE

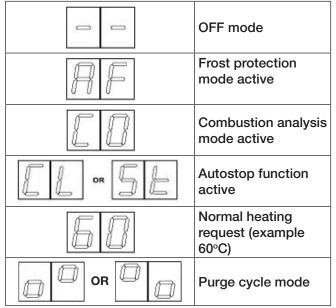
Please refer to Section 3, Para 3.1 and use the appropriate PPE when carrying out any of the actions or procedures contained within this section.

7.1 CHECKING APPLIANCE OPERATION

When carrying out any repairs or servicing to the appliance, the relevant commissioning procedure must be undertaken to ensure the continued safe operation of the appliance. Particular attention should be made to ensure gas soundness, water soundness, and the electrical integrity of the appliance.

7.2 APPLIANCE MODES OF OPERATION NOTE

The 2-digit display can show several different modes of operation:



7.2.1 SELECTOR SWITCH IN THE OFF/STANDBY POSITION

When the selector switch is in the OFF/STANDBY position, the following functions are active.

Active functions:

- Frost-protection system
- Pump anti-block

7.2.2 ON-BOARD FUNCTIONS

- **AUTOSTOP:** Further information on the AUTOSTOP function, can be obtained from your local Vokera Sales Representative.
- CO FUNCTION: The CO function when activated, will allow the appliance to run at maximum and minimum output whilst a combustion analysis check is being carried out. Whilst the CO function is active, all other functions are disabled (minimum power operating period, anti-cycle, set-point, etc). Once enabled, the CO function will remain active for a 15-minute period, or until the function is manually deactivated
- FROST-PROTECTION: this function is only active when there are no requests for heating or HW. If the temperature drops below 5°C, the boiler will operate on minimum power until the temperature of the primary thermistor reaches 35°C. Thereafter the pump & fan will over-run for five minutes.
- ANTI-CYCLE FUNCTION: The anti-cycle function ensures the burner remains switched off for at least 5-minutes after the set-point hysterisis (set-point + 2 -8 °C).
- PUMP ANTI-BLOCK FUNCTION: when there has been no heating or HW request for 24-hours, the anti-block

cycle is activated. The pump will be activated for a period of 30-seconds.

- PUMP DISCHARGE FUNCTION: at the end of any power on, the boiler makes an ON/OFF pump cycle (about 2 minutes). Only at the end of this procedure the boiler can satisfy any kind of CH requests.
- PUMP CYCLE MODE: wen power is restored to the PCB and/or the PCB is powered for the first time, the appliance will enter a 2-minute purge cycle whereby only the pump will run for 15-seconds then off for 15-seconds and will not "fire" until this period has elapsed.

7.2.3 HEATING MODE

With the selector switch in the ON position and any additional controls (time clock, programmer, room thermostat, etc.) calling for heat, the appliance will operate in the heating mode. The external pump and fan will be activated via the flow temperature sensor. When the fan is sensed to be operating correctly (tacho signal), the ignition sequence commences. Ignition is sensed by the electronic circuitry to ensure flame stability at the burner. Once successful ignition has been achieved, the electronic circuitry increases the gas rate to 75% of the MAX Heating (set by the corresponding HTG trimmer) for a period of 15 minutes. The speed of the fan and therefore the output of the boiler is determined by the temperature of the water sensed by the flow temperature sensor, consequently a high temperature at the flow sensor results in a lower fan speed. As the water temperature increases, the temperature sensors - located on the flow pipe of the boiler - reduce the fan speed via the electronic circuitry. Depending on the load, either the water temperature will continue to rise until the set point is achieved or the water temperature will fall whereby fan speed will increase relative to the output required. When the boiler has reached the set point (+ hysterisis), the burner will switch off. The built-in anti-cycle device prevents the burner from re-lighting for approximately 5-minutes. When the temperature of the flow sensor falls below the set point (- hysterisis), the burner will re-light.

NOTE

If the spark/sensing electrode does not sense ignition the appliance will re-attempt ignition a further 4-times then go to lockout. When the set-point has been reached (the position of the heating temperature selector) as measured at the primary thermistor, the appliance will begin the modulation phase whereby the fan and gas valve will continuously modulate to maintain the set-point.

If the temperature continues to rise and exceeds the set-point by 2°C (hysterisis), the burner will shut down. A new ignition sequence will be enabled when the 5- minute anti-cycle has been performed and the temperature at the primary thermistor has dropped 8°C (hysterisis) below the set-point.

NOTES

When the request for heating and/or hot water has been satisfied, the appliance pump and fan may continue to circulate to dissipate any residual heat within the appliance.

7.3 APPLIANCE FAN SPEEDS

The appliance fan speeds require to be checked and/or adjusted prior to making any adjustments to the gas valve or if the main PCB has been replaced.

ATTENTION

Gas type and appliance fan speed (output) **must be set** according to the specific appliance specification. Vokera accepts no responsibility if the gas type and/or fan speed is not correctly adjusted according to the respective appliance specification as detailed on the appliance data badge.

7.3.1 CHECKING/ADJUSTING THE APPLIANCE FAN SPEEDS

Move the selector switch to the OFF position and remove the 3-selector knobs.

7.3.2 ABSOLUTE MAX FAN SPEED

Locate the MAX trimmer (fig. 29) and gently adjust clockwise or counter clockwise to achieve the correct fan speed (see table 7.3.6). NOTE, the display shows the fan RPM in multiples of 100, i.e. 25 = 2500RPM.

7.3.3 ABSOLUTE MIN FAN SPEED

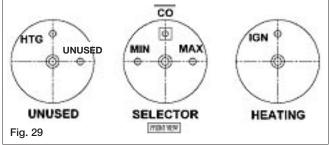
Locate the MIN trimmer (fig. 36) and gently adjust clockwise or counter clockwise to achieve the correct fan speed (see table 7.3.6). NOTE, the display shows the fan RPM in multiples of 100, i.e. 25 = 2500RPM.

7.3.4 IGNITION FAN SPEED

Locate the IGN trimmer (fig. 29) and gently adjust clockwise or counter clockwise to achieve the correct fan speed (see table 7.3.6). NOTE, the display shows the fan RPM in multiples of 100, i.e. 25 = 2500RPM.

7.3.5 HEATING FAN SPEED

Locate the HTG trimmer (fig. 29) and gently adjust clockwise or counter clockwise to achieve the correct fan speed (see table 7.3.6). NOTE, the display shows the fan RPM in multiples of 100, i.e. 25 = 2500RPM.



7.3.6 FAN SPEED TABLE

Use the following table to set the corresponding fan speeds that are relative to the appliance you are working on.

FAN SPEED (rpm) TABLE

MODEL	MAX	MIN	HTG	IGN	
20VHE	5.100	2.000	5.100	4.000	

7.4 CHECKING THE CO₂ AND ADJUSTING THE GAS VALVE

THE GAS VALVE MUST BE SET-UP OR ADJUSTED WITH THE AID OF A PROPERLY CALIBRATED FLUE GAS ANALYSER.

Isolate the appliance from the electrical supply and remove the appliance casing as described in 4.7.1. Set the flue gas analyser to read CO_2 and insert the probe into the flue analysis test point (**A**, **B** fig. 28). Restore the electrical supply to the boiler and switch the boiler to the OFF mode. To adjust the gas valve you must first ensure that the fan speed potentiometers (trimmers) have been set correctly (see 7.3).

When carrying out a combustion analysis test and/or adjusting the gas valve, you must ensure that all radiators and heating circuits are fully open in order to dissipate heat. Remove the 3-selector knobs, locate and press the CO button (see fig. 29). The appliance will now operate in CO mode for approximately 15-minutes (see 7.10).

7.4.1 GAS VALVE MAXIMUM SETTING

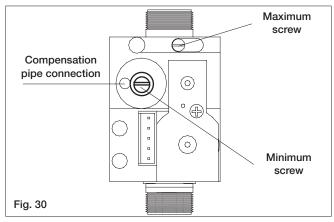
Locate and gently turn the HTG trimmer till the maximum value (fan speed) is obtained and check that it corresponds with the appropriate CO_2 value (Maximum) for the respective appliance. If the CO_2 reading is correct, proceed to gas valve minimum setting (7.4.2).

However, if the CO₂ reading is incorrect, the maximum gas pressure must be adjusted as follows:

• Using a suitable screwdriver, very slowly turn the maximum adjustment screw (see fig. 30) – clockwise to decrease, counter clockwise to increase – until the correct value is displayed on the CO₂ analyser (allow time for the analyser to stabilise).

NOTE

If the CO₂ values do not correspond to the values in the Multigas table, make further adjustments.



7.4.2 GAS VALVE MINIMUM SETTING

Locate and gently turn the HTG trimmer till the minimum value (fan speed) is obtained and check that it corresponds with the appropriate CO_2 value (Minimum) for the respective appliance. If the CO_2 reading is correct, rotate the HTG trimmer until the correct value is obtained for the respective appliance (see fan speed table) and proceed to 7.4.3.

However, if the CO₂ reading is incorrect, the minimum gas pressure must be adjusted as follows:

 Using a 2,5mm Allen key, very slowly turn the minimum adjustment screw (see fig. 30) – clockwise to increase, counter clockwise to decrease - until the correct value is displayed on the CO₂ analyser (allow time for the analyser to stabilise).

NOTE

If the CO₂ values do not correspond to the values in the Multigas table, make further adjustments.

7.4.3 COMPLETION

On completion of the combustion analysis check and/ or any gas valve adjustment, set the HTG trimmer to the corresponding value as detailed in the fan speed table. Refit the 3-selector knobs and move the mode selector to the OFF position. Remove the test probe from the test point and refit the sealing screw/s and/or cap.

IMPORTANT

A GAS SOUNDNESS CHECK MUST BE CARRIED OUT IF ANY GAS CARRYING COMPONENTS HAVE BEEN REMOVED, REPLACED, OR DISTURBED.

7.5 COMBUSTION ANALYSIS TEST

A combustion analysis check can easily be carried out on the appliance via the test points located on the top of the appliance (see 7.4).

- Insert the flue gas analyser probe into the flue gas test point (see fig. 35).
- Operate the boiler in CO mode and compare the values with those shown in section 2 (Nat. Gas) or section 9 (LPG). If different adjust the gas valve according to 7.4.1, 7.4.2 & 7.4.3.

Note: When checking the air inlet test point, insert the probe no more than 25mm into the test point.

7.6 EXTERNAL FAULTS

Before carrying out any faultfinding or component replacement, ensure the fault is not attributable to any aspect of the installation.

7.6.1 INSTALLATION FAULTS

Symptom	Possible cause		
No display/igni- tion	Check wiring/check electrical supply		
No hot water	Check external controls		
No heating	Check external controls		
Fault code	Possible cause		
10	Check gas supply, check flue system, check polarity		

7.7 ELECTRICAL CHECKS

Any electrical checks must be carried out by a suitably qualified person.

7.7.1 EARTH CONTINUITY TEST

Isolate the appliance from the electrical supply, and using a suitable multi-meter carry out a resistance test. Connect test leads between an appliance earth point and the earth wire of the appliance supply cable. The resistance should be less than 1 OHM. If the resistance is greater than 1 OHM check all earth wires and connectors for continuity and integrity.

7.7.2 SHORT CIRCUIT CHECK

Isolate the appliance from the electrical supply, and using a suitable multi-meter, carry out a short circuit test between the Live & Neutral connections at the appliance terminal strip (fig.16). Repeat above test on the Live & Earth connections at the appliance terminal strip (fig.16). **NOTE**

Should it be found that the fuse has failed but no fault is indicated, a detailed continuity check will be required to trace the fault. A visual inspection of components may also assist in locating the fault.

7.7.3 POLARITY CHECK

With the appliance connected to the electrical supply and using a suitable multimeter, carry out the following voltage tests:

- Connect test leads between the Live & Neutral connections at the appliance terminal strip (fig.16). The meter should read approximately 230V ac. If so proceed to next stage. If not, see 7.8.
- Connect test leads between the Live & Earth connections at the appliance terminal strip (fig.16). The meter should read approximately 230V ac. If so proceed to next stage. If not, see 7.8.
- Connect test leads between the Neutral & Earth connections at the appliance terminal strip (fig.16). The meter should read approximately 0 15Vac. If so polarity is correct. If not, see 7.8.

7.7.4 REVERSED POLARITY OR SUPPLY FAULT

Repeat the above tests at the appliance isolator, if testing reveals correct polarity and/or supply at the isolator, recheck wiring and connections between the isolator and the appliance. If tests on the isolator also reveal reversed polarity or a supply fault, consult the local electricity supplier for advice.

7.7.5 RESISTANCE TO EARTH CHECK

Isolate the appliance from the electrical supply, and using a suitable multi-meter carry out a resistance test. Connect test leads between the Live & Earth connections at the appliance terminal strip (fig. 16). If the meter reads other than infinity there is a fault that must be isolated, carry out a detailed continuity check to identify the location of the fault.

These series of checks must be carried out before attempting any faultfinding procedures on the appliance. On completion of any task that required the disconnection and re-connection of any electrical wiring or component, these checks must be repeated.

7.8 FAULT FINDING

Before attempting any fault finding, the electrical checks as detailed in 7.7 must be carried out. Isolate the appliance from the electrical supply.

Disconnect any external controls from terminal plug M5 (fig. 16), and insert a link-wire between the two wires at the 'TA' connections (fig. 16).

NOTE

Restore the electrical supply to the boiler and turn the selector switch to the on position. The boiler should now function as described in section 7.2. Should the boiler fail to respond, the internal fuses and connectors should be checked to ensure integrity and continuity. If the boiler still fails to respond, refer to the detailed faultfinding flowcharts located at the end of this section.

COMPONENT	VALUE
Fan	230Vac
Pump	230Vac
Ignition transformer	230Vac
Gas valve	230Vac
Room thermostat connection	230Vac
NTC thermistor (dry contact)	10Kohm
NTC thermistor (wet contact)	10Kohm
FUNCTION	VALUE
Standard Heating Range (°C)	40 – 76
CH limited power at 75%	15 Min
Heating OFF hysterisis (°C)	SP + 2
Heating ON hysterisis (°C)	SP – 8
Anti-cycle delay	5-min
Pump over-run	5-min
Low output (min. output + %)	Min+25
CO function max temp. (°C)	87
CO re-light temp. (°C)	75
CO function time	15-min
Flow NTC max temp. (°C)	87
High limit thermostat (°C)	97
Burner thermostat (°C)	170
Maximum differential (°C)	35
IGNITION CONTROL	VALUE
Ignition attempts before L/O (lockout)	5
Re-ignition attempts after loss of flame signal	5

7.9 COMPONENT VALUES & CHARACTERISTICS

7.10 FAULT CODES

When the boiler detects a temporary fault condition, the appropriate code is shown flashing on the display. If/when the fault code is final, the pump will perform a 60-second post circulation and the red LED will be illuminated.

CODE	CAUSE	ALARM TYPE	ACTION
AL10	Ignition failure/not flame sensed, condense sensor activated	Final	Reset, check appliance operation
AL20	Limit thermostat/Fume thermostat fault	Final	Reset, check appliance operation
AL21	External device fault (UHT/CPA)	Final	Reset, check appliance
AL26	Return temperature too high	Final	Reset, check pump, ensure there is suffi- cient flow sensor temperature). circulation around heating circuit/s

CODE	CAUSE	ALARM TYPE	ACTION
AL28	Temperature differential inverted (re- turn sensor temperature higher than flowsensor temperature)		Reset, check pump, ensure there is suffi- cient circulation around heating circuit/s thermistors
AL34	Fan tacho signal fault / air pressure switch fault	Final	Reset check appliance operation, check fan
AL52	Internal fault	Final	Reset, check appliance operation
AL55	Jumper tag fault	Final	Check jumper tag configuration
AL60	Jumper tag fault	Temporary	Check jumper tag configuration
AL71	Primary (flow) thermistor fault	Temporary	Check primary thermistor, check wiring
AL73	Return thermistor fault	Temporary	Check return thermistor, check /wiring
AL74	No water circulation	Final	Reset, check appliance operation, check pump, ensure there is water and sufficient circulation around heating circuit/s
AL79	Flow temperature too high, or tem- perature differential between primary and return too high		Reset, check appliance operation, check thermistors

SECTION 8 WIRING DIAGRAMS

NOTE

Please refer to Section 3, Para 3.1 and use the appropriate PPE when carrying out any of the actions or procedures contained within this section.

8.1 EXTERNAL WIRING

The appliance comes with a factory fitted (TA) link to allow basic operation of the boiler via the mode selector switch. If external controls are to be added to the system, they must be connected to the appliance as shown in the following diagrams. For advice on controls that are not featured in this book, please contact Vokera technical on 0844 391 0999.

NOTE

- THE LINK WIRE MUST BE REMOVED IF ADDI-TIONAL CONTROLS ARE ADDED
- THE ELECTRICAL SUPPLY TO THE PUMP MUST BE CONNECTED TO THE TERMINALS AS SHOWN IN FIG. 31
- A PERMANENT 230V SUPPLY MUST BE CON-NECTED TO THE BOILER AS SHOWN IN FIG. 31

8.1.1 EXTERNAL WIRING LIMITATIONS

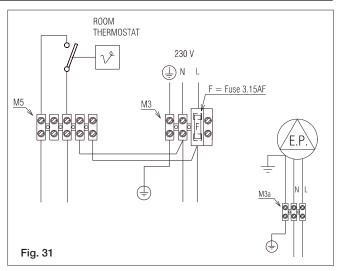
Any external wiring must remain within the limits as detailed in the table below.

CONNECTION	MAX. LENGTH
Room thermostat	30-metres
Time clock	30-metres
Programmer	30-metres

8.2 TYPICAL CONTROL APPLICATIONS

The appliance can be used with the following controls:

- Single-channel, voltage-free time clocks.
- Programmable room thermostats.
- External twin-channel programmers. The appliance can be used in conjunction with typical 'S'-Plan/'Y'-Plan systems (see 8.4.1 & 8.4.2), please contact Vokera technical should you require further detailed instruction.

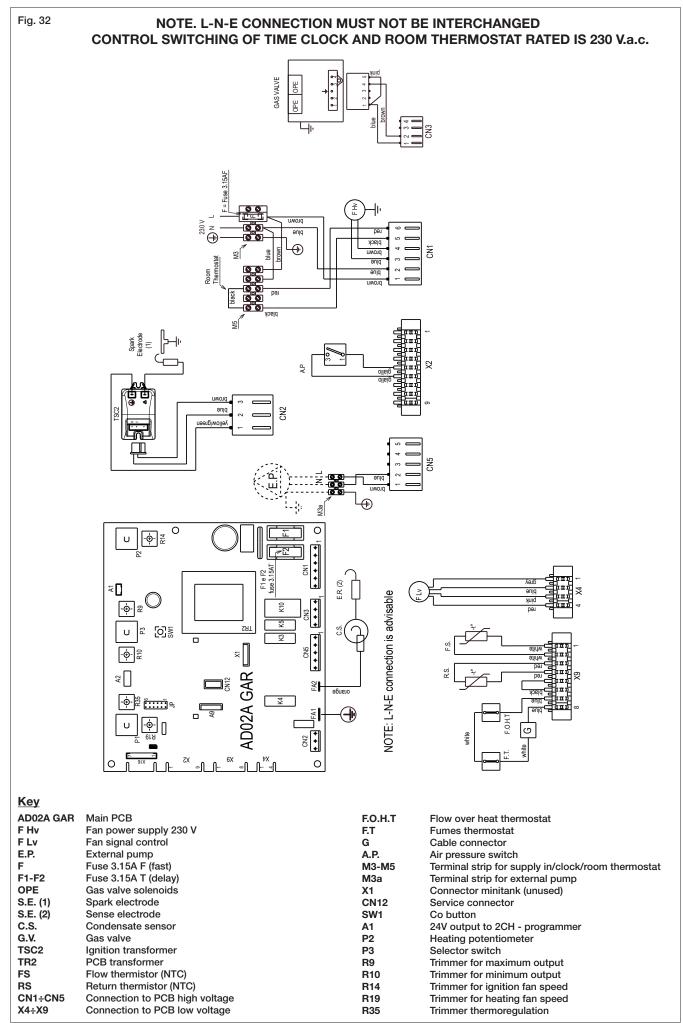


8.3 OTHER DEVICES

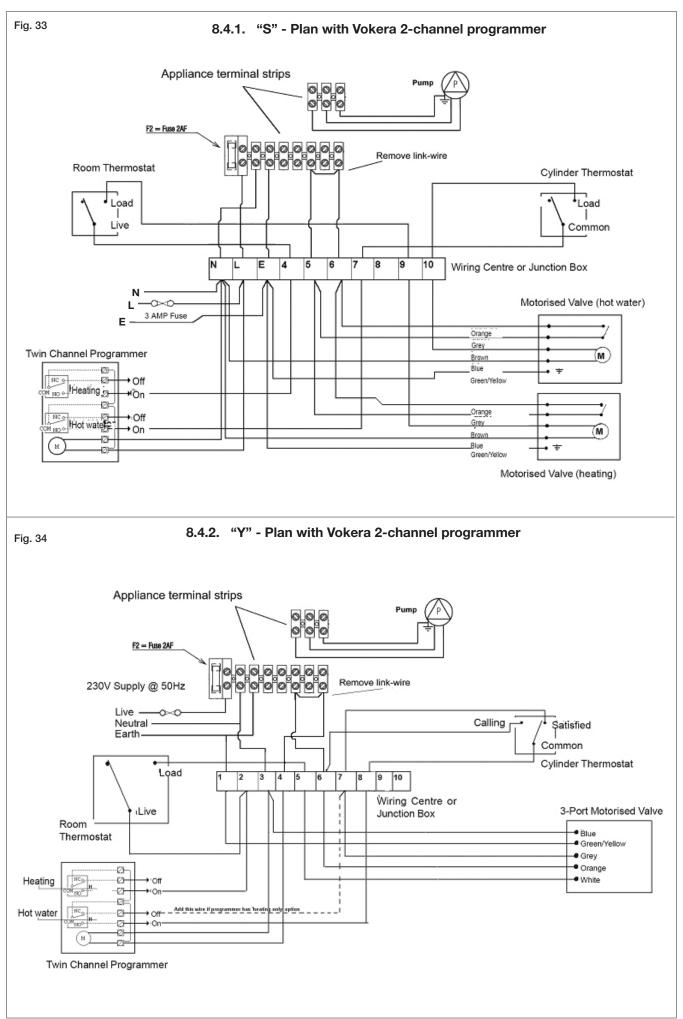
Contact the controls manufacturer and/or Vokera technical department should you require more specific information on the suitability of a particular control. Further guidance on the recommended practice for the installation of external controls, can be found in CHeSS – HC5/HC6 (www.energyefficiency.gov.uk).

IMPORTANT

- The boiler must always be supplied with a permanent 230V electrical supply.
- The pump must always be connected directly to the pump terminals located within the boiler.
- Always remove the link between TA & TA on the appliance high-voltage terminal strip whenever additional controls are connected to the appliance.



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SECTION 9 LPG INSTRUCTIONS

NOTE

Please refer to Section 3, Para 3.1 and use the appropriate PPE when carrying out any of the actions or procedures contained within this section.

9.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

BS 6798		INSTALLATION OF BOILERS OF RATED INPUT NOT EXCEEDING 60 kW
BS 5449	PART 1	FORCED CIRCULATION HOT WATER SYSTEMS
BS 5446		INSTALLATION OF GAS HOT WATER SUPPLIES FOR DOMESTIC PURPOSES
BS 5440	PART 1	FLUES
BS 5482	PART 1	DOMESTIC BUTANE & PROPANE GAS BURNERS IN PERMAMENT DWELLINGS

9.2 TECHNICAL DATA

Gas Pressures	Mynute 20 VHE			
Inlet pressure	37.00			
Maximum gas rate	1.55	kg/hr		
Minimum gas rate	0.39	kg/hr		
Injector size	2.95	mm		
Efficiency				
SEDBUK (%)	90.46 - Band "A"			
Emissions				
CO max	130	p.p.m.		
CO min	15	p.p.m.		
NOx max	50	p.p.m.		
NOx min	40	p.p.m.		
CO ₂ max	10.0	%		
CO2 min	CO2 min 10.0 %			

9.3 CONVERTING THE APPLIANCE GAS TYPE

To convert the appliance to another gas type it is necessary to change the burner injector and adjust the gas valve.

- To change the injector see 6.10.
- To adjust CO₂ value see 7.4.1-2-3.

9.4 GAS SUPPLY

The gas supply must be connected to the appliance by a competent LPG installer and must be of sufficient size to supply the appliance at its maximum output. An existing supply must be checked to ensure that it is of adequate size to deal with the maximum rated input of this and any other appliances that it serves.

9.5 GAS SUPPLY INSTALLATION

The entire installation including the meter must be purged and checked for gas soundness.

9.6 ADJUSTING THE GAS VALVE

THE GAS VALVE MUST BE SET-UP OR ADJUSTED WITH THE AID OF A PROPERLY CALIBRATED FLUE GAS ANALYSER.

9.6.1 CHECKING THE CO₂ AND ADJUSTING THE GAS VALVE

THE GAS VALVE MUST BE SET-UP OR ADJUSTED WITH THE AID OF A PROPERLY CALIBRATED FLUE GAS ANALYSER.

Isolate the appliance from the electrical supply and remove the appliance casing as described in 4.7.1. Set the flue gas analyser to read CO_2 and insert the probe into the flue analysis test point (**A**, **B** fig. 28). Restore the electrical supply to the boiler and switch the boiler to the OFF mode. To adjust the gas valve you must first ensure that the fan speed potentiometers (trimmers) have been set correctly (see 9.7).

When carrying out a combustion analysis test and/ or adjusting the gas valve, you must ensure that all radiators and heating circuits are fully open in order to dissipate heat. Remove the 3-selector knobs, locate and press the CO button (see fig. 29). The appliance will now operate in CO mode for approximately 15-minutes.

9.6.2 GAS VALVE MAXIMUM SETTING

Locate and gently turn the HTG trimmer till the maximum value (fan speed) is obtained and check that it corresponds with the appropriate CO_2 value (Maximum) for the respective appliance. If the CO_2 reading is correct, proceed to gas valve minimum setting (9.6.2). However, if the CO_2 reading is incorrect, the maximum gas pressure must be adjusted as follows:

Using a 2,5mm Allen key, very slowly turn the maximum adjustment screw (see fig. 30) – clockwise to decrease, counter clockwise to increase – until the correct value is displayed on the CO₂ analyser (allow time for the analyser to stabilise).

NOTE

If the CO₂ values do not correspond to the values in the Multigas table, make further adjustments.

9.6.3 GAS VALVE MINIMUM SETTING

Locate and gently turn the HTG trimmer till the minimum value (fan speed) is obtained and check that it corresponds with the appropriate CO_2 value (Minimum) for the respective appliance. If the CO_2 reading is correct, rotate the HTG trimmer until the correct value is obtained for the respective appliance (see fan speed table) and proceed to 9.6.3.

However, if the CO_2 reading is incorrect, the minimum gas pressure must be adjusted as follows:

Using a 2,5mm Allen key, very slowly turn the minimum adjustment screw (see fig. 30) – clockwise to increase, counter clockwise to decrease - until the correct value is displayed on the CO₂ analyser (allow time for the analyser to stabilise).

NOTE

If the CO₂ values do not correspond to the values in the Multigas table, make further adjustments.

9.6.4 COMPLETION

On completion of the combustion analysis check and/ or any gas valve adjustment, set the HTG trimmer to the corresponding value as detailed in the fan speed table. Refit the 3-selector knobs and move the mode selector to the OFF position. Remove the test probe from the test point and refit the sealing screw/s and/ or cap.

IMPORTANT

A GAS SOUNDNESS CHECK MUST BE CARRIED OUT IF ANY GAS CARRYING COMPONENTS HAVE BEEN REMOVED, REPLACED, OR DISTURBED.

9.7 APPLIANCE FAN SPEEDS

The appliance fan speeds require to be checked and/ or adjusted prior to making any adjustments to the gas

FAN SPEED (rpm) TABLE

MODEL	MAX	MIN	HTG	IGN
20VHE	4.900	1.900	4.900	4.000

valve or if the main PCB has been replaced.

ATTENTION

Gas type and appliance fan speed (output) **must be** set according to the specific appliance specification. Vokera accepts no responsibility if the gas type and/ or fan speed is not correctly adjusted according to the respective appliance specification as detailed on the appliance data badge.

9.7.1 CHECKING/ADJUSTING THE APPLIANCE FAN SPEEDS

Move the selector switch to the OFF position and remove the 3-selector knobs.

9.7.2 ABSOLUTE MAX FAN SPEED

Locate the MAX trimmer (fig. 29) and gently adjust clockwise or counter clockwise to achieve the correct fan speed (see table above).

NOTE

The display shows the fan RPM in multiples of 100, i.e. 25 = 2500 RPM.

9.7.3 ABSOLUTE MIN FAN SPEED

Locate the MIN trimmer (fig. 29) and gently adjust clockwise or counter clockwise to achieve the correct fan speed (see table above).

NOTE

The display shows the fan RPM in multiples of 100, i.e. 25 = 2500 RPM.

9.7.4 IGNITION FAN SPEED

Locate the IGN trimmer (fig. 29) and gently adjust clockwise or counter clockwise to achieve the correct fan speed (see table above).

NOTE

The display shows the fan RPM in multiples of 100, i.e. 25 = 2500RPM.

9.7.5 HEATING FAN SPEED

Locate the HTG trimmer (fig. 29) and gently adjust clockwise or counter clockwise to achieve the correct fan speed (see table above).

NOTE

The display shows the fan RPM in multiples of 100, i.e. 25 = 2500 RPM.

COMMISSIONING: CO AND COMBUSTION RATIO CHECK

BEFORE CO AND COMBUSTION RATIO CHECK

The boiler installation instructions should have been followed, gas type verified and gas supply pressure/rate checked as required prior to commissioning.

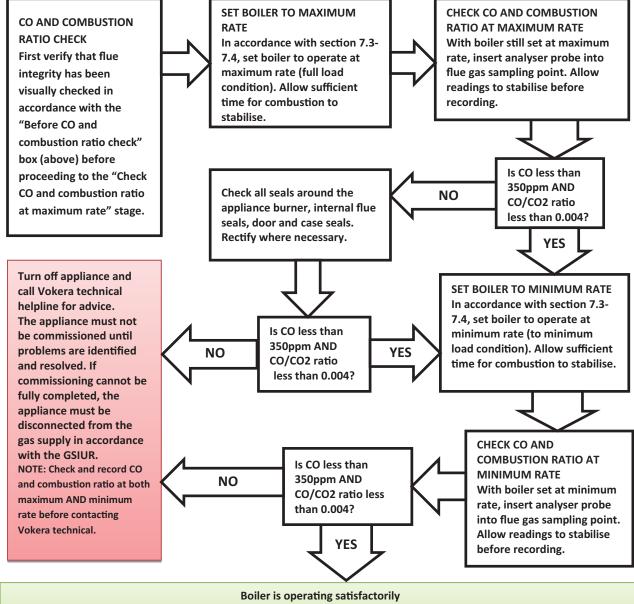
As part of the installation process, **ESPECIALLY WHERE A FLUE HAS BEEN FITTED BY PERSONS OTHER THAN THE BOILER INSTALLER**, visually check the integrity of the whole flue system to confirm that all components are correctly assembled, fixed and supported. Check that the maximum flue lengths have not been exceeded and all guidance has been followed (e.g. Technical Bulletin 008).

The flue gas analyser should be of the correct type, as specified by BS 7967.

Before use, the flue gas analyser should have been maintained and calibrated as specified by the manufacturer. The installer must have the relevant competence for use of the analyser. Check and zero the analyser **IN FRESH AIR**, as per analyser manufacturer's instructions.

<u>NOTE</u>

The air/gas ratio valve is factory-set and must not be adjusted during commissioning unless this action is recommended, following contact with Vokera technical. If any such adjustment is recommended and further checking of the boiler is required, the engineer must be competent to carry out this work and to use the flue gas analyser accordingly. If the boiler requires conversion to operate with a different gas family (e.g., conversion from natural gas to LPG) separate guidance will be provided by Vokera technical and must be followed.



No further actions required.

Ensure test points are capped, boiler case is correctly replaced and all other commissioning procedures are completed. Complete Benchmark Checklist, recording CO and combustion ratio readings as required.

Benchmark Commissioning & Warranty Validation Service Record

It is a requirement that the boiler is installed and commissioned to the manufacturers' instructions and the data fields on the commissioning checklist completed in full.

To instigate the boiler warranty the boiler needs to be registered with the manufacturer within one month of the installation. The warranty rests with the end-user (consumer), and they should be made aware it is ultimately their responsibility to register with the manufacturer, within the allotted time period.

It is essential that the boiler is serviced in line with the manufacturers' recommendations, at least annually. This must be carried out by a competent Gas Safe registered engineer. The service details should be recorded on the Benchmark Service and Interim Boiler Work Record and left with the householder. Failure to comply with the manufacturers' servicing instructions and requirements will invalidate the warranty.



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This Commissioning Checklist is to be completed in full by the competent person who commissioned the boiler as a means of demonstrating compliance with the appropriate Building Regulations and then handed to the customer to keep for future reference.

Failure to install and commission according to the manufacturers' instructions and complete this Benchmark Commissioning Checklist will invalidate the warranty. This does not affect the customer's statutory rights.

All installations in England and Wales must be notified to Local Authority Building Control (LABC) either directly or through a ompetent Persons Scheme. A Building Regulations Compliance Certificate will then be issued to the customer.

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GAS BOILER SYSTEM COMMISSIONING CHECKLIST & WARRANTY VALIDATION RECORD

Address:																		
Boiler make and model:																		
Boiler serial number:																		
Commissioned by (PRINT NA	ME):			-		Gas	Safe	registi	ration nu	mber:							1	
Company name:						Tele	phone	numl	ber:									
Company email:						Cor	npany	addre	ess:									
													Commiss	sionina	date:			
Heating and hot water system	complies with t	the appropriate Bu	uildina Rea	ulation	ns?												Yes	
Optional: Building Regulations																		1
Time, temperature control and				and h	not water												Yes	
Boiler Plus requirements (tick			- ar rioating															<u> </u>
Doller Flus requirements (lick		500X(3))				10/-	- 41				Orrest		- 4 - 4			al a setting		1
Boiler Plus option chosen for o	combination boi	iler in ENGLAND							nsation		Smartt	nenno	ostat with a		ue Gas I			
		1							nsation					FI				<u> </u>
Time and temperature control	to hot water			Cylind	der thern	nostat and	d progr	ramme	er/timer						Corr	bination	boiler	
Zone valves		pr	e-existing						Fitted							Not re	quired	
Thermostatic radiator valves		pr	e-existing						Fitted							Not re	quired	
Automatic bypass to system		pr	e-existing						Fitted							Not re	quired	
Underfloor heating		pr	e-existing						Fitted							Not re	quired	
Water quality																		
The system has been flushed,	, cleaned and a	suitable inhibitor	applied up	on fina	al fill, in a	accordanc	e with	BS75	i93 and I	ooiler m	anufactu	irers' i	nstruction	s			Yes	
What system cleaner was use	d?					Bra	nd:						Product:					
What inhibitor was used?						Bra	nd:						Product:					
Primary water system filter		pr	e-existing						Fitted							Not re	quired	
CENTRAL HEATING MODE n	neasure and re	cord (as appropria	ate)	1						<u> </u>								<u> </u>
Gas rate (for combination boil									m³/hr		or				ft³/hr			
		-	5)							Yes							No	
Central heating output left at fa										163							NU	kW
If no, what is the maximum ce	nital nearing of	ilput selected?																
Dynamic gas inlet pressure																		mbar °C
Central heating flow temperate																		-
Central heating return tempera																		°C
System correctly balanced/reb																	Yes	
COMBINATION BOILERS ON					1													
Is the installation in a hard wa	ter area (above	,								Yes	+ +						No	
Water scale reducer/softener			e-existing							Fitted						Not rec	uired	
What type of scale reducer/so	ftener has beer	n fitted?			Brand						_	Prod	uct:					
Water meter fitted?		1								Yes							No	
If yes- DHW expansion vessel		pr	e-existing							Fitted						Not rec	uired	
Pressure reducing valve			e-existing							Fitted						Not rec	uired	
DOMESTIC HOT WATER MO	DE Measure ar	nd record			1													
Gas rate									m³/hr			or						ft³/hr
Dynamic gas inlet pressure at	maximum rate																	mbar
Cold water inlet temperature																		°C
Hot water has been checked a	at all outlets								Yes		Tempera	ature						°C
CONDENSATE DISPOSAL																		
The condensate drain has bee	en installed in a	ccordance with the	e manufac	turers'	instruct	ions and/o	or BS5	546/B	S6798									Yes
Point of termination								Int	ernal	E	xternal (only v	vhere inter	nal ter	mination	impract	cal)	
Method of disposal								Gi	ravity							Pum	ped	
ALL INSTALLATIONS																		
	At max rate:		со			ppm	CO	2			%	CO/	CO2				F	Ratio
Record the following	At min rate (w	here possible)	со			ppm					%	CO/	CO,				F	Ratio
Where possible, has a flue inte	egrity check be	en undertaken in a	accordance	e with	manufac	turers' in:	structio	ons, ai	nd readi	ngs are	correct?	,	-			Yes		
The operation of the boiler and											-	+				Yes		
The manufacturers' literature,									ft with th	e custo	mer	+				Yes		
Commissioning Engineer's sig	-							-									I	
Customer's signature	- ·																	
(To confirm satisfactory demo	nstration and re	ceipt of manufact	urers' litera	ature)														

* All installations in England and Wales must be notified to Local Authority Building Control (LABC) either directly or through a Competent Persons Scheme. A Building Regulations Compliance Certificate will then be issued to the customer.

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THE MARK OF QUALITY FOR THE INSTALLATION, COMMISSIONING and servicing of domestic heating and hot water system:

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SERVICE & INTERIM BOILER WORK RECORD

It is recommended that your boiler and heating system are regularly serviced and maintained, in line with manufacturers' instructions, and that the appropriate service / interim work record is completed.

Service provider

When completing a service record (as below), please ensure you have carried out the service as described in the manufacturers' instructions. Always use the manufacturers' specified spare parts.

SERVIC	E/INTER	IM WORK O	ER delete as	appropriate	Date:		
Engineer	name:		Compan	y name:			
Telephone Nº:			Gas Saf	e registratio	n Nº:		
Max rate	СО	ppm	CO2	%	CO/CO ₂		
Min rate	со	ppm	CO2	%	CO/CO ₂		
Where possible, has a flue integrity undertaken in accordance with man instructions, and readings are corre		nufacture ect?"			yes		
Gas rate:		m³/h	OR		ft³/h		
Were part	s fitted?de	lete as appropriate	Yes		No		
Parts fitte	d:						
System inhibitor concentration has been checked and appropriate action taken, in accordance with BS 7593 and boiler manufacturers' instructions. *					yes	n/a	
Comment	s:						
Signature							

Signature:

*A System inhibitor efficacy test is required on every annual service in accordance with the manufacturers' instructions and BS 7593. It is only acceptable to not have undertaken this if the service engineers attendance visit was in between annual services to attend a non-water facing component.

SERVICE/INTERIM WORK ON BOILER delete as appropriate Date:								
Engineer	name:		Compan	y name:				
Telephone Nº:			Gas Safe	e registratio	on Nº:			
Max rate	со	ppm	CO ₂ % CO/CO ₂					
Min rate	со	ppm	CO ₂	%	% CO/CO ₂			
Where possible, has a flue integrity ch undertaken in accordance with manufa instructions, and readings are correct?		anufacture			yes			
Gas rate:		m³/h	OR		ft³/h			
Were part	s fitted?del	lete as appropriate	Yes No					
Parts fitte	d:							
System inhibitor concentration has been checked and appropriate action taken, in accordance with BS 7593 and boiler manufacturers' instructions. *					yes	n/a		
Comment	s:							

Signature:

*A System inhibitor efficacy test is required on every annual service in accordance with the manufacturers' instructions and BS 7593. It is only acceptable to not have undertaken this if the service engineers attendance visit was in between annual services to attend a non-water facing component.

SERVICE/INTERIM WORK ON BOILER delete as appropriate Date:								
Engineer	name:		Compan	y name:				
Telephone N°:			Gas Safe	Gas Safe registration Nº:				
Max rate CO ppm			CO2	%	CO/CO ₂			
Min rate	со	ppm	CO2	%	CO/CO ₂			
Where possible, has a flue integrity check been undertaken in accordance with manufacturers' instructions, and readings are correct?"						yes		
Gas rate:		m³/h	OR		ft³/h			
Were part	s fitted?de	lete as appropriate	Yes No					
Parts fitte	d:							
appropriat	System inhibitor concentration has been checked and appropriate action taken, in accordance with BS 7593 and boiler manufacturers' instructions. *					yes	n/a	
Comment	s:							
Signature	ə:							

*A System inhibitor efficacy test is required on every annual service in accordance with the manufacturers' instructions and BS 7593. It is only acceptable to not have undertaken this if the service engineers attendance visit was in between annual services to attend a non-water facing component.

⊏ngineer	name:		Company	name:			
Telephone Nº:			Gas Safe	registratio	on Nº:		
Max rate	CO	ppm	CO2	%	CO/CO ₂		
Min rate	со	ppm	CO2	%	CO/CO ₂		
Where possible, has a flue integrity of undertaken in accordance with many instructions, and readings are correct Gas rate: m ³ /h C			anufacturer		yes ft³/h	i	
		lete as appropriate	÷		No		
Parts fitte							
System inhibitor concentration has been checked and appropriate action taken, in accordance with BS 7593 and boiler manufacturers' instructions. *				yes	n/a		
appropria	r manufact						

Signature:

*A System inhibitor efficacy test is required on every annual service in accordance with the manufacturers' instructions and BS 7593. It is only acceptable to not have undertaken this if the service engineers attendance visit was in between annual services to attend a non-water facing component.

SERVICE/INTERIM WORK ON BOILER delete as appropriate Date:								
Engineer	name:		Compan	y name:				
Telephone	∋ Nº:		Gas Saf	e registratio	on Nº:			
Max rate	СО	ppm	CO2	%	CO/CO ₂			
Min rate	со	ppm	CO2	%	CO/CO ₂			
Where possible, has a flue integrity check been undertaken in accordance with manufacturers' instructions, and readings are correct?" Gas rate: m³/h OR				yes				
Were part	s fitted?de	lete as appropriate	Yes		No			
Parts fitte	d:							
System inhibitor concentration has been checked and appropriate action taken, in accordance with BS 7593 and boiler manufacturers' instructions. *					yes	n/a		
Comment	s:							

Signature:

*A System inhibitor efficacy test is required on every annual service in accordance with the manufacturers' instructions and BS 7593. It is only acceptable to not have undertaken this if the service engineers attendance visit was in between annual services to attend a non-water facing component.

SERVICE/INTERIM WORK ON BOILER delete as appropriate Date:								
Engineer	name:		Compan	y name:				
Telephone	∋ Nº:		Gas Safe	e registratio	n Nº:			
Max rate	со	ppm	CO2	%	CO/CO ₂			
Min rate	СО	ppm	CO2	%	CO/CO ₂			
Where possible, has a flue integrity check been undertaken in accordance with manufacturers' instructions, and readings are correct?"				yes				
Gas rate:		m³/h	OR		ft³/h			
Were part	s fitted?del	ete as appropriate	Yes		No			
Parts fitte	d:							
System inhibitor concentration has been checked and appropriate action taken, in accordance with BS 7593 and boiler manufacturers' instructions. *					yes	n/a		
Comments:								
Signature	·····							

*A System inhibitor efficacy test is required on every annual service in accordance with the manufacturers' instructions and BS 7593. It is only acceptable to not have undertaken this if the service engineers attendance visit was in between annual services to attend a non-water facing component.

* All installations in England and Wales must be notified to Local Authority Building Control (LABC) either directly or through a Competent Persons Scheme. A Building Regulations Compliance Certificate will then be issued to the customer.



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SERVICE & INTERIM BOILER WORK RECORD

It is recommended that your boiler and heating system are regularly serviced and maintained, in line with manufacturers' instructions, and that the appropriate service / interim work record is completed.

Service provider

When completing a service record (as below), please ensure you have carried out the service as described in the manufacturers' instructions. Always use the manufacturers specified spare parts.

SERVICE/INTERIM WORK ON BOILER delete as appropriate Date:								
Engineer	name:		Compan	y name:				
Telephone	e Nº:		Gas Safe	e registratio	on Nº:			
Max rate	со	ppm	CO2	%	CO/CO ₂			
Min rate	СО	ppm	CO2	%	CO/CO ₂			
Where possible, has a flue integrity check been undertaken in accordance with manufacturers' instructions, and readings are correct?"				yes				
Gas rate:	Gas rate: m³/h		OR		ft³/h			
Were part	s fitted?del	ete as appropriate	Yes		No			
Parts fitte	d:							
System inhibitor concentration has been checked and appropriate action taken, in accordance with BS 7593 and boiler manufacturers' instructions. *					yes	n/a		
Comments:								

Signature:

*A System inhibitor efficacy test is required on every annual service in accordance with the manufacturers' instructions and BS 7593. It is only acceptable to not have undertaken this if the service engineers attendance visit was in between annual services to attend a non-water facing component.

SERVICE/INTERIM WORK ON BOILER delete as appropriate Date:								
Engineer name: Company name:				-				
Telephone	e Nº:		Gas Saf	e registratio	on Nº:			
Max rate	CO	ppm	CO2	%	CO/CO ₂			
Min rate	CO	ppm	CO2	%	CO/CO ₂			
Where possible, has a flue integrity check been undertaken in accordance with manufacturers' instructions, and readings are correct?"				yes				
Gas rate:		m³/h	OR		ft³/h			
Were part	s fitted?del	lete as appropriate	Yes		No			
Parts fitte	d:							
System inhibitor concentration has been checked and appropriate action taken, in accordance with BS 7593 and boiler manufacturers' instructions. *						yes	n/a	
Comments:								

Signature:

*A System inhibitor efficacy test is required on every annual service in accordance with the manufacturers' instructions and BS 7593. It is only acceptable to not have undertaken this if the service engineers attendance visit was in between annual services to attend a non-water facing component.

SERVICE/INTERIM WORK ON BOILER delete as appropriate Date:							
Engineer	Engineer name: Company name:						
Telephone	e Nº:		Gas Saf	e registratio	on Nº:		
Max rate	со	ppm	CO2	%	CO/CO ₂		
Min rate	СО	ppm	CO2	%	CO/CO ₂		
Where possible, has a flue integrity check been undertaken in accordance with manufacturers' instructions, and readings are correct?"				yes			
Gas rate:		m³/h	OR		ft³/h		
Were part	s fitted?del	ete as appropriate	Yes		No		
Parts fitte	d:						
System inhibitor concentration has been checked and appropriate action taken, in accordance with BS 7593 and boiler manufacturers' instructions. *						n/a	
Comments:							
Signature:							

*A System inhibitor efficacy test is required on every annual service in accordance with the manufacturers' instructions and BS 7593. It is only acceptable to not have undertaken this if the service engineers attendance visit was in between annual services to attend a non-water facing component.

SERVICE/INTERIM WORK ON BOILER delete as appropriate Date:								
Engineer name: Company name:								
Telephone	e Nº:		Gas Safe	e registratio	on Nº:			
Max rate	CO	ppm	CO2	%	CO/CO ₂			
Min rate	CO	ppm	CO2	%	CO/CO ₂			
Where possible, has a flue integrity check been undertaken in accordance with manufacturers' instructions, and readings are correct?"				yes				
Gas rate:		m³/h	OR		ft³/h			
Were part	s fitted?del	ete as appropriate	Yes		No			
Parts fittee	d:							
System inhibitor concentration has been checked and appropriate action taken, in accordance with BS 7593 and boiler manufacturers' instructions. *					yes	n/a		
Comments:								

Signature:

*A System inhibitor efficacy test is required on every annual service in accordance with the manufacturers' instructions and BS 7593. It is only acceptable to not have undertaken this if the service engineers attendance visit was in between annual services to attend a non-water facing component.

SERVICE/INTERIM WORK ON BOILER delete as appropriate Date:								
Engineer name: Company name:								
Telephone	e Nº:		Gas Saf	e registratio	n Nº:			
Max rate	Max rate CO ppm CO ₂ %		%	CO/CO ₂				
Min rate	СО	ppm	CO2	%	CO/CO ₂			
Where possible, has a flue integrity check been undertaken in accordance with manufacturers' instructions, and readings are correct?"					yes			
Gas rate:		m³/h	OR		ft³/h			
Were part	s fitted?del	lete as appropriate	Yes		No			
Parts fitte	d:							
System inhibitor concentration has been checked and appropriate action taken, in accordance with BS 7593 and boiler manufacturers' instructions. *					yes	n/a		
Comment	Comments:							

Signature:

*A System inhibitor efficacy test is required on every annual service in accordance with the manufacturers' instructions and BS 7593. It is only acceptable to not have undertaken this if the service engineers attendance visit was in between annual services to attend a non-water facing component.

SERVIC	SERVICE/INTERIM WORK ON BOILER delete as appropriate Date:								
Engineer	Engineer name: Com								
Telephone	e Nº:		Gas Saf	e registratio	on Nº:				
Max rate	со	ppm	CO2	%	CO/CO ₂				
Min rate	СО	ppm	CO2	%	CO/CO ₂				
Where possible, has a flue integrity check been undertaken in accordance with manufacturers' instructions, and readings are correct?"					yes				
Gas rate:	Gas rate: m ³ /h		OR		ft³/h				
Were part	s fitted?del	lete as appropriate	Yes		No				
Parts fitter	d:								
System inhibitor concentration has been checked and appropriate action taken, in accordance with BS 7593 and boiler manufacturers' instructions. *					yes	n/a			
Comments:									
Signature:									

*A System inhibitor efficacy test is required on every annual service in accordance with the manufacturers' instructions and BS 7593. It is only acceptable to not have undertaken this if the service engineers attendance visit was in between annual services to attend a non-water facing component.

* All installations in England and Wales must be notified to Local Authority Building Control (LABC) either directly or through a Competent Persons Scheme. A Building Regulations Compliance Certificate will then be issued to the customer.



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Vokèra Warranty Terms and Conditions

Vokèra Ltd offer customers the comfort of a parts and labour warranty repair service subject to the following terms and conditions.

Vokèra Ltd only obligation under the guarantee shall be to repair or replace the faulty appliance at Vokèra Ltd discretion. This will be carried out where a fault arises from defects within the appliance, caused by either material or workmanship of the manufacturer.

- 1. The boiler must have been installed and commissioned within 12 months of manufacture by a registered Gas Safe (RGII ROI) installer in accordance with the guidelines in the installation and servicing booklet provided with the boiler.
- 2. This guarantee does not protect malfunction or damage arising from incorrect installation, commissioning or maintenance procedures, as laid out in the installation handbook, inefficient flue system, poor or incorrect electricity, wrong gas supply or pressure, tampering by inexperienced persons and any other cause not directly due to manufacture.
- 3. Vokèra Ltd cannot accept responsibility for any costs arising from repair or maintenance carried out by any third party.
- 4. The "Benchmark" commissioning sheet must be completed by the installer and left with the boiler for reference purpose.
- 5. The warranty will commence from the date of installation. Without proof of purchase ie an invoice or completed "Benchmark" commissioning sheet, the warranty will commence from the date of manufacture as detailed on the appliance data plate.
- 6. To qualify for the full term of warranty, the boiler must be serviced once annually by a Gas Safe Registered Engineer (RGII ROI). Proof of annual service in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions must be provided (e.g. Benchmark Service Record). If this condition is not met the period of warranty will extend to only 12 months from date of installation.

By registering your appliance, you will be helping us provide you with the best after sales service in the unlikely event that your boiler requires attention during the guarantee period.

Register online: www.vokera.co.uk (UK) or www.vokera.ie (ROI)

If the boiler suffers a mechanical or an electrical breakdown or you require an annual service, please contact our Customer Care Centre on:

UK: 01274 866100

ROI: 056 7755057

Our normal working hours, excluding Bank holidays are:

8.15am - 5.00pm Monday to Friday

8.00am - 12.00pm Saturday (UK only)

We will arrange for an engineer or appointed agent, to inspect and repair, or where in our sole opinion repair is not economic, arrange to replace the boiler.

7. Health & Safety:

- a. Engineers will only attend to boiler products where it is considered by the engineer that the installation does not pose a risk to health and safety.
- b. A permanently fixed access ladder must service installations in lofts or attics. Adequate lighting and permanently fixed flooring must also be available.
- c. Cupboard installations must provide minimum working clearances as detailed in the installation instructions. Vokèra will not accept responsibility for the removal of cupboards, kitchen units or trims in order to gain access for repairs.

8. Warranty does not apply:

- a. If the boiler is removed from its place of installation without our prior consent.
- b. To any defect, damage or breakdown caused by inadequate servicing of the boiler or by deliberate action, accident, misuse or third party interference including modification or an attempted repair which does not fully comply with industry standards.
- c. To any defect, damage or breakdown caused by the design, installation and maintenance of the central heating system.

- d. To de-scaling or other work required as a result of hard water scale deposits or from damage caused by aggressive water or sludge resulting from corrosion. Indications that such work may be required include a noisy boiler, cold spots on radiators, sludge in pipes and poor circulation of the central heating system.
- e. If the claim/contact procedure set out in section 6 is not adhered to.
- f. To any other costs or expenses caused by or arising as a result of the breakdown of a Vokèra Boiler.
- g. To any costs incurred during delays in fixing reported faults.

9. We reserve the right to a charge a callout fee where:

- a. There is no completed "Benchmark" commissioning sheet or equivalent control document present.
- b. There is incomplete or no service record(s) for each and every year the boiler has been installed.
- c. A fault cannot be found.
- d. The breakdown or fault has been caused by an event, which is excluded from the warranty see section 8.
- e. Failure to cancel an agreed appointment prior to our engineers visit.
- f. The boiler is outside the period of warranty or the conditions of the warranty have not been met.
- 10. If we fit replacement parts or replace a boiler it will not extend the period of the warranty. All replaced parts or boilers will become the property of Vokèra Ltd.
- 11. The warranty applies only where a Vokèra boiler has been installed in a domestic dwelling in the United Kingdom, Northern Ireland or Republic of Ireland, to provide heat and/or hot water to the central heating system.
- 12. Vokèra Ltd warranty is offered in addition to the rights provided to a consumer by law. Details of these rights can be obtained from a Trading Standards Authority or a Citizen Advice Bureaux.

Your Personal Details

Vokèra takes care of your personal details in order to protect your privacy. Below we detail how we use any data you provide us with and how we manage that data to protect it.

Personal data is collected by us confidentially and in accordance with data protection law regulations. Vokèra is registered as a data controller with the Information Commissioner's Office.

Your personal data is only stored if you volunteer to provide it, for example, to request information, submit a service visit, or to register a product for purposes of warranties and surveys etc. Vokèra will only use your personal data to satisfy the request you have made, and will not disclose information to third parties without your prior consent.

Any personal data stored by Vokèra is protected to ensure unauthorised persons cannot access or disclose the data. Vokèra uses security measures to protect the data we collect, in order to prevent manipulation, loss and destruction. No user information provided is stored anywhere on the internet that can be accessed by the public.

Vokèra may like to inform you of products and services that you could be interested in, and request your opinion of our services. Participation is voluntary and you can request not to receive such communications at any time or request your details to be updated by emailing: **marketing@vokera.co.uk**.

Contact Us:- Customer Care Centre Tel: 01274 866100 (UK), 056 7755057 (ROI)

UK:

Vokèra Ltd, Customer Care, Stubs Beck Lane, West 26 Business Park, Whitehall Road, Cleckheaton, BD19 4TT

ROI:

Vokèra Ltd, Customer Care, West Court, Callen, Co Kilkenny, Ireland , R95 PW40

Email: service@vokera.co.uk (UK), eire-service@vokera.co.uk (ROI)



Registered address: Vokèra Ltd Borderlake House

Unit 7 Riverside Industrial Estate London Colney Herts AL2 1HG

> www.vokera.co.uk www.vokera.ie

Sales, General Enquires

T 0844 391 0999 **F** 0844 391 0998

Vokèra Ireland West Court, Callan Co Kilkenny **T** 056 7755057 **F** 056 7755060

Vokèra Limited reserve the right to change specification without prior notice Consumers statutory rights are not affected.

Company Reg No: 1047779